Morning Oregonian.

VOL. VI — PORTLAND, OREGON: WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 30, 1866. — NO. 99.

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, at 14 delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 37½ cents a week. Single copies, 12½ cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $3 for three months. ADVERTISING at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months in advance.

OFFICE—No. 5 Washington street, one door from front.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, 622 Washington Street, San Francisco.

Medical Cards.

DR. R. B. WILSON,
Office—No. 5 Stark Street,
(Up-Stairs,)
Residence—North Fourth street,
sel0 Between B and C dawtf

DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMŒOPATHIST,

THOSE PREFERRING THIS MILD, EFFICIENT MEDICAL TREATMENT can consult him at his office on Fourth street, fronting the Public Square. 20 Years Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully diseases peculiar to the climate.
Portland, March 10, 1866. dtf

J. L. COOMBS, M. D.,
[Late of Corvallis,]
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., &c.,
OFFICE—Cree's Building, over Wells, Fargo & Co.'s
ENTRANCE FROM STARK STREET,
CONTINUES TO TREAT EYE DISEASES IN EVERY NATURE.
May be found at the Consultation Rooms, day and night, unless absent on professional business.
Portland, Oct. 30, 1865 1y

Business Cards.

FRIEDMAN & CO.,
[Successors to A. M. & L. M. Starr]
Importers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Stoves, Tin-Plate, Sheet Iron,
Copper Wire, Zinc, Tin and JAPANNED WARE.
Agents for TILTON & McFARLAND'S CELEBRATED
FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,
Corner Front and Stark Streets,
my13 PORTLAND, OREGON 1y

P. B. JOHNSON,
Attorney-at-Law,
WALLA WALLA, W. T.
Refers, by permission, to Hon. A. Holbrook, Portland; Kerr, McCraken, Merrill & Co., Portland; Moore's Hotel, Walla Walla; Wallace & Blow, Attorneys, San Francisco. ap3 1dtf

Oregon State Insane Asylum and COUNTY HOSPITAL.
DRS. HAWTHORNE & LOWEA,
PHYSICIANS & PROPRIETORS,
Office at Drs. Chapman and Watkins',
Corner of Front and Washington Streets,
PORTLAND, dtf

T. JOHNSTON,
GAS-FITTER AND PLUMBER,
No. 79 First Street,
(Over Tichenor & Bickel's Store,)
sa30 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

KANE & KELLOGG,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
OFFICE WITH BILLS & CO.,
Corner of Stark and Second Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
GOODS FORWARDED DIRECT FROM PORTLAND to Umatilla, Boise City, Idaho City, South Boise, Owyhee and all parts of Eastern Oregon.
WAREHOUSE AND FIRE PROOF WAREHOUSE at Umatilla City, where all Goods for the Upper Country are Re-shipped. Mark Goods care of K. & K.

Refer to—
Ladd & Tilton, Portland; Bank of California, San Francisco; Wasson, Wheeler & Co., Portland; Kidd, Lord & Co., Portland; Wells, Fargo & Co., Portland; Bissell & Irwin M. Co., Portland; J. C. Bell, Salem. dtf

HENRY MARTIN & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND
PRODUCE, Foreign and Domestic Fruits,
NUTS OF ALL KINDS,
CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES, STATIONERY, CUTLERY,
Yankee Notions, &c.,
FIRECRACKERS and all kinds of FIREWORKS, and Sole San Island CORAL SHELLS, always on hand.
Also, Miller & Lambert's FLOWER SHRUBBERY, FRUIT TREES and FRUITS.
Stand at Front and Washington Sts.,
Opposite Lincoln House, Portland, Oregon.
☞Orders promptly filled. nov2dtf

LUMBER YARD!
SUTTON & CO.
WHARF FOOT OF ALDER STREET,
Dealers in Fir, Cedar, Spruce and Red-wood Lumber.
WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH ALL kinds of Lumber at the market rates. Seasoned lumber constantly on hand. feb21dtf

REAL ESTATE AGENCY
AND COLLECTION OFFICE,
No. 114 Front St., (over D. W. Williams' Store),
PORTLAND, OREGON.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING ESTABLISHED their Office at the above place, will hereafter conduct a GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS. Will BUY, SELL and LEASE REAL ESTATE; MAKE COLLECTIONS, EXECUTE CONVEYANCES, LEASES, Articles of Agreement, &c., &c., and will attend generally to all business connected with a Real Estate Agency and Collection Office.
A liberal share of patronage is respectfully solicited.
sp18dtf KLINE & GRADYN

PAINTING,
Papering, Graining,
AND HOUSE PAINTING,
Plain and Decorative Paper Hanging,
GLAZING AND GRAINING,
Every Description of SIGN & ORNAMENTAL WORK,
Gilding on Glass, &c., &c.,
WALL PAINTING, WHITENING, OR COLORING any Shade or Tint and all else pertaining to the trade attended to promptly under our immediate supervision, in a first-class manner. Terms Reasonable.
MILLS & THOMAS,
27 Stark Street, opposite the Theatre,
ap28dtf Portland, Oregon

JOHN H. MARTIN,
No. 193 South Front Street (opposite Vaughn's Mill)
Fashionable
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER!
NEW WORK OF THE LATEST STYLE, BEST Quality and Finished Workmanship, made to order on short notice.
REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch. All work done at Reasonable Rates and Warranted.
Portland, April 3d 1866 dlptf

EXCELSIOR SODA WORKS!
W. G. BALLARD, Proprietor,
49 Front Street, Portland.
ALE, PORTER, CHAMPAGNE CIDER, ROOT BEER and ICE delivered to customers in all parts of the City. Orders from a distance promptly filled.
Portland, April 9th 1866 ap9dtf

Fire and Life Insurance.

THE PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
CAPITAL, $750,000, GOLD COIN.
HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS TO COMPLY with the law of the State of Oregon, requiring a deposit of $50,000, invite parties desirous of insuring against loss or damage by fire to patronize this HOME INSTITUTION.

DIRECTORS.
SAN FRANCISCO

Louis McLane,	John Wightman,	James DeFremery,
W. C. Ralston,	G. W. Beaver,	J. G. Brei
J. G. Kittle	Wm. Sharon,	J. B. Newton,
A. L. Tubbs	Adam Grant,	H. L. Dodge,
J. Mora Moss,	Aldhem Bull,	D. Sloan
B. C. Bigelow,	S. M. Wilson,	Herman Michels,
R. Seligman,	D. J. Oliver	Frederick Billings
M. Carlton, Jr.,	John Howes	J. O. Kellogg,
T. B. Thomas,	Wm. Alvord	A. G. Stiles,
J. B. Benchley	H. Hanemann,	H. F. Teschemacher
Wm. Sherman,	J. B. Leard,	G. H. Howard,
L. Sachs	A. B. Forbes	Irwin Davis,
M. P. Jones,	Jonathan Hunt,	P. L. Weaver,
A. T. Lawton,	J. O. Earl	E. L. Goldstein,
J. Whitney, Jr.,	S. I. Hensley,	W. A. Bass,
Edward Martin,	Lloyd Tevis,	F. W. Brooks
Charles Mayne,		

PORTLAND OREGON.
Capt. J. C. AINSWORTH, W. S. LADD (Ladd & Tilton)
LADD & TILTON,
General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.
May 25, 1866.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE
CASH CAPITAL, $750,000.
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.
Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.
THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon, by making a Deposit of fifty thousand dollars, is now prepared to effect insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms.

CALEB T. WAY, President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, Marine Director.
W. J. VAN SCHUYVER,
Agent for Oregon,
Office No. 74 Front Street, Portland,
Portland January 16, 1866 dtf

NATIONAL
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
CAPITAL, (PAID UP IN FULL,)
$1,000,000!
INSURES BRICK, FRAME AND OTHER BUILDings, Merchandise, Furniture, and other Insurable Property against Loss or Damage caused by Fire, on the most favorable terms.
Losses Promptly Paid in Gold Coin.
INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
ALBERT DIBBLE, GEORGE W. GIBBS, RICHARD G. SHARP,
JOHN G. BRAY, JOSEPH A. DONAHOE, HENRY PIERCE.

President—WILLIAM PIERCE.
Vice-President—D. W. C. THOMPSON.
Secretary—W. W. WIGGINS.
Office, No. 408, Montgomery Street,
Opposite Wells, Fargo & Co., San Francisco.

THE NORTH BRITISH
AND
Mercantile Insurance Company!
OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.
Established..... 1809.
CAPITAL..... $10,000,000
Accumulated and Invested Funds, March 6, 1865..... $11,522,500
Annual Income..... 2,822,200
Deposit under California State Law..... 75,000
Deposit under the State Law of Oregon..... 50,000
INSURANCES EFFECTED AT THE LOWEST RATES on Buildings of both Brick and Wood throughout the State, whether occupied as Stores, Dwellings, or Warehouses, together with their contents.
Also, Vessels in port, with or without their Cargoes.
Also, Quartz Mills and Machinery.
Also, Saw Mills and Machinery.
LOSSES PAID IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN immediately on adjustment.
McCRAKEN, MERRILL & CO., Agents,
ja26dawGm Portland, Oregon.

TOBIN, DIXON & DAVISSON,
IMPORTERS OF
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
FANCY GOODS!
WE ARE NOW RECEIVING FROM EUROPEAN and Atlantic Markets a full assortment of Goods in our line, viz:
MILLINERY GOODS,
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
WHITE GOODS,
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
HAIR NETS, &c.,
HOSIERY,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
CLOAK AND DRESS TRIMMINGS,
FANCY GOODS,
SMALL WARES,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
POCKET CUTLERY,
PERFUMERY,
STATIONERY, &c., &c.
The attention of buyers is requested to an examination of our Stock and any orders entrusted to us will be carefully and promptly attended to.
TOBIN, DIXON & DAVISSON,
Corner Sacramento and Battery Streets,
ap28dawlmnlp San Francisco, California.

Notice.
THE BUSINESS hereafter done under the name and style of W. P. TAAFFE and TAAFFE & CO. will hereafter be conducted under the firm name of MEAGHER, TAAFFE & CO.
San Francisco, Nov 8 1865 PHILLIP MEAGHER nov27dly

MEAGHER, TAAFFE & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers of Foreign & Domestic
DRY GOODS, HOSIERY,
Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.,
107 BATTERY STREET SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
☞ Agents for the Mount Vernon Duck Company.
EUREKA EXTRA PICK & AXE HANDLES
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.
TAR PITCH, OAKUM, BLOCKS & HEMP CORDAGE
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.
UPRIGHT AND CIRCULAR MILL SAWS
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.
CROSS CUT SAWS—SPEAR & JACKSON'S, TUTTLE'S PATENT, and other brands—6 to 8 ft.
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

BLACKFOOT OR BIG BEND
SADDLE TRAIN!
A SADDLE TRAIN WILL LEAVE WHITE BLUFFS on the arrival of the Steamer from Celilo connecting with the Steamer
FORTY NINE ON THE UPPER COLUMBIA,
FOR BIG BEND MINES!
And also with the Steamer
MARY MOODY, ON PEN D'OREILLE LAKE,
FOR BLACKFOOT,
AND OTHER MINES OF MONTANA
FARE $40, AND BOARD FURNISHED.
Passengers leaving Portland on Friday morning will leave White Bluffs on the Monday morning following. Apply to
A. R. BROTH,
my17dtm White Bluffs, W. T.

Notice of Dissolution.
THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned under the firm name of BROTH & NEVISON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. A. R. BROTH will pay all debts and fill liabilities and he alone is authorized to collect moneys owing to said firm.
A. R. BROTH
H. NEVISON
White Bluffs May 10th 1866 may16 1m

H. NEVISON,
HAVING PURCHASED THE INTEREST OF A. R. BROTH will continue to keep constantly at
WHITE BLUFFS,
with an assorted stock of
GENERAL MERCHANDISE!
Suitable for the Trade,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED, and Returns Promptly made.
White Bluffs May 10th, 1866 H. NEVISON my16dtf

EDWIN POWELL. GEORGE H. COE
POWELL & COE,
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANTS,
UMATILLA CITY, OGN.
PARTICULAR PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO receiving and forwarding goods to all parts of the Mines in Oregon and Washington and Idaho. Goods remain insured, freights paid. Storage obtained, and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission line attended promptly attended to.
Consignments of Goods solicited.
WE REFER BY PERMISSION,
At San Francisco—Howard, Glenny & Co, Richards & McCraken.
At Portland—Richards & McCraken, Goldsmith Bros.
At Victoria, V. I.—Goldstone & Bro, Guild, David & Co.
Mark Goods care of P. & C, Umatilla.
aug1dtf

FLANDERS & FELTON,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WALLULA, W. T.
PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO RECEIVING and Forwarding Goods to all parts of the Mines in Washington and Idaho Territories; also to the Blackfoot Mines. Freights paid and Goods Stored on Consignments sent to us.
All business intrusted to us promptly attended to.
☞ Mark Goods care of F. & F., Wallula.

FLANDERS & FELTON
Have on hand and keep for sale a Large Assortment of
Groceries and Liquors.
fe17 dtf

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY!
At Walla Walla, W. T.
T. M. WOOD..... ARTIST.
PICTURES TAKEN IN EVERY STYLE OF THE ART, from Life Size to Locket Ring Pictures, at all times and in all kinds of weather equally well.
T. M. WOOD,
my5dtf&tmis P. T. SHROPE

OREGON
STEAM BREWERY!
JOHN MASON & CO..... Proprietors.
AFTER MANY YEARS' EXPERIENCE ON THE Pacific Coast, we flatter ourselves that our
XXX ALE, PORTER,
AND CREAM ALE
Cannot be improved and further comment is unnecessary. Orders solicited and promptly filled either at the Brewery on the Macadamized Road, one half mile south of the Toll Gate, or at Fox's Wholesale Liquor Store, 43 Front street.
The above Brewery is the only Branch of John Mason's Brewery of San Francisco on the Pacific Coast.
JOHN MASON & CO.

Notice of Dissolution of Co-Partnership.
THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between John Mason, James Mason and Mrs. J. I. Heath, under the name and firm of J. MASON & CO. OREGON STEAM BREWERY, Portland, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 16th of October, 1865, Mr. Jas. Mason retiring from the firm.
John Mason and Mrs. Jemima Heath will carry on the Brewery under the old name of J. Mason & Co., as heretofore, being responsible for the debts of and collecting the accounts due said firm.
JOHN MASON,
MRS J. I. HEATH,
By their Atty in fact,
H. W. HEATH

MASON'S BREWERY
EAST PORTLAND, OREGON.
OFFICE AT R. HENDRIE'S, 61 Front St., Portland
THE UNDERSIGNED IS THE ONLY MANUFACTURER of the
GENUINE MASON'S ALE
In Oregon. He has lately erected a
NEW BREWERY!
AT EAST PORTLAND,
And is prepared to fill all orders for XX and XXX ALE and PORTER.
Orders delivered to any part of the city.
feb17dtf JAMES MASON Proprietor

Notice to BREWERS & SALOON-KEEPERS.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
MALT, HOPS, IRISH MOSS,
BARLEY BROOMS, BARREL BRUSHES,
BRASS AND WOOD FAUCETS,
And all other articles for Brewers' use. Also, any quantity of
WEINHARD'S LAGER BEER!
So Well and Favorably Known. All of which we are prepared to furnish at PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION.
☞ Orders will be Promptly Filled.
WEINHARD DELLINGER,
City Brewery,
May 3d, 1866 Portland, Oregon.

WILSON & EVANS,
111 FRONT ST. SAN FRANCISCO
Manufacturers and Importers
OF
RIFLES, SHOT GUNS AND GUN MATERIALS
Of every Description.
ALSO IMPORTERS OF ENGLISH French and American Fishing Tackle, to which we offer both Wholesale and Retail at 20 PER CENT BELOW ANY OTHER HOUSE on the Pacific Coast. Dealers Shot Pouches and Powder Flasks, and WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET CUTLERY in great variety. We are also the agents of Messrs. HENRY'S & SPENCER'S RIFLES and DOUBLE Shot SMITH & WESSON'S PISTOLS all of which we offer at the lowest possible prices. Orders executed with dispatch. N. B. Packing for all Re-branches at moderate prices.
aug1 1y

20,000 LBS. MANILLA ROPE,—½ to 2 inch diameter.
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

Idaho.

B. M. DuRELL & CO.'S
PASSENGER, EXPRESS AND FAST FREIGHT LINE!
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
THIS LINE IS NOW IN COMPLETE RUNNING order from Umatilla to the O. S. N. Company's Landing at Olds Ferry (on Snake River) there connecting with the
O. S. N. CO'S STEAMER "SHOSHONE"
and from thence by Steamer to their Owyhee landing on Boake river, thence by our lines, running direct to
RUBY, BOISE, AND IDAHO CITIES!
and are prepared to carry
FREIGHT, PASSENGERS & VALUABLE PACKAGES
Between these and all intermediate points, with certainty and dispatch. We offer superior inducements for shipping goods from San Francisco and Portland to Idaho, as our arrangements with the Ocean Steamships and the Oregon Steam Navigation Co. are such that all goods shipped by our line will not be subject to the usual delays but pass through as PASSENGER FREIGHT. Goods shipped by us from San Francisco or our store at Portland, charges will be paid, and no C. O. D. goods will be forwarded to destination. Mark goods care
B. M. D. & CO.'S P. F. & E. LINE,
and ship by receipts sent to our Agents at Umatilla. All advance charges for transportation paid by the line and collected at destination.
GOODS FORWARDED WITH DESPATCH TO
PLACERVILLE AND SOUTH BOISE.
Passengers Carried at Reduced Rates.

Agents:
McCRAKEN, MERRILL & CO. .. Portland
McCRAKEN, MERRILL & CO. .. San Francisco
JOSEPH TEAL..... Dalles
POWELL & CO..... Umatilla
J. R. WILKINSON..... Lo Grande
B. M. DuRELL & CO..... Idaho City
B. M. DuRELL & CO..... Boise City
DuRELL & MOORE..... Ruby City.
B. M. DuRELL & CO.,
Proprietors
H. M. DuRELL, Boise City, I. T. } of C. W. MOORE, Ruby City, I. T.

DuRELL & MOORE,
RUBY & SILVER CITIES,
OWYHEE MINES, I. T.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
GOODS RECEIVED ON STORAGE AND LIBERAL Cash Advances made on Consignments. Will sell Sight Drafts on Boise and Idaho Cities, I. T.
ap13dtf DuRELL & MOORE

B. M. DuRELL & CO.,
Fire-Proof Brick Building, Main Street,
(Next Door above Wall Street,)
Idaho City,
And Main Street, corner of Eighth,
Boise City,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
WILL SELL SIGHT DRAFTS ON IDAHO CITY, Ruby and Silver Cities, Owyhee, Portland, Oregon, and San Francisco, California.

References:
Allen & Lewis, Portland, O. | Warren Leland, N. Y. City.
Moses, Ellis & Co., San Francisco. | Holladay & Halsey, Great Salt Lake City.

Virginia City, Montana and Blackfoot
OVERLAND STAGE LINE!
BEN. HOLLADAY ..... Proprietor.
CONCORD STAGES!
LEAVE BOISE CITY EVERY OTHER DAY for
BLACKFOOT,
SALT LAKE CITY, DENVER CITY,
MISSOURI RIVER,
Connecting at SALT LAKE CITY with Concord Hedges Running to
Virginia City, Nevada
AND SACRAMENTO CALIFORNIA
FARE:
Boise City to Salt Lake City..... $100 00
" " " Virginia City, Montana..... 125 00
" " " Missouri River, Legal Tenders $300, Gold, $100..... 400 00
For further information apply at
OVERLAND STAGE LINE OFFICE
Boise City, I. T.,
JNO. N. TODD Agent
Boise City, February 10, 1866 nov8dtf

LEWISTON & WARRENS EXPRESS.
J. S. RAMEY & CO., Proprietors,
(Successors to Dwight Bros.)
IN VIEW OF A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS, WE HAVE completed arrangements for the Regular Carrying of the Express from and to Lewiston and Warrens, on Slate Creek, John Day's Creek, (Salmon River), White Bird and Florence.
Connections made at Lewiston with Wells Fargo & Co.
All business entrusted to our care will meet with prompt attention.
Lewiston, I. T. Feb. 27 1866 dom

WILCOX & GIBBS
SEWING MACHINE.
We would call attention to the following facts in connection with this Machine, which renders it superior to any other in use:
It forms a flat elastic seam which will not rip in wear.
It is entirely noiseless;
A patented device prevents its being turned backward;
The needle cannot be set wrong;
Can be used successfully without other instructions than accompany the Machine;
It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute in 1863. For particulars enquire of
STEWART & GOURLEY,
Agents for Oregon, 125 Front street.
Portland, March 2, 1866 m9dawly

A. G. BRADFORD,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER IN
PURE WINES AND LIQUORS,
39 Front Street,
PORTLAND OREGON
aug18 d2ptf

RISING SUN!
No. 11 Washington Street,
(Next door to John Wasmer's Barber Shop),
PORTLAND, OREGON
THERE IS THE FINEST SLATE BED
BILLIARD TABLES!
THE BAR is Stocked with the Choicest WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
my 9 1m JAMES LENAGHAN

HEMP AND RUBBER PACKING
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

Hotels and Restaurants.

LINCOLN HOUSE!
Corner Washington and Front Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
The Largest and MOST POPULAR HOTEL In the State.
EXPRESS WAGONS WILL ATTEND ALL THE Boats and carry Passengers and Baggage to the House Free of Charge.
Hand Call Bells in the House.
All the Steamers for Oregon City, Vancouver, Mount Hood and Astoria land at the Lincoln House Wharf.
T. J. CARTER, Proprietor.
Portland, April 5th, 1866 dtf

S. D. SMITH T. W. QUIMBY
Western Hotel,
Corner of Morrison and First streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
SMITH & QUIMBY Proprietors.
THIS HOUSE HAS RECENTLY BEEN EXTENsively enlarged
It is now Hard Finished and Newly Furnished
A Baggage Wagon will be at the Steamers to bring baggage to the House Free of Charge. my18dtf

New Columbian,
118, 120 and 122 Front St., cor. Morrison.
GOOD NEWS!
THE NEW COLUMBIAN having just been elegantly finished, and being now ready for the reception of guests, the Proprietor would say to the citizens of Portland and the travelling public that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call, at PRICES TO SUIT. The NEW COLUMBIAN is an entirely new house, hard finished rooms well ventilated and well furnished, and has capacity to accommodate (with comfort to the guests) six hundred people.
The DINING ROOM is large and commodious; has fine suite of rooms with connecting doors for families. The Table will be furnished with the best the market affords, permitting no house to excel it either in quality or variety.
A large fire proof Safe for the deposit of valuables.—Baggage taken to the Hotel free of charge. Horses put all night.
Board, per week, $6; Board and Lodging, $7 to $10.
The Proprietor will at all times endeavor to please his guests, and respectfully and earnestly solicits the patronage of the citizens of Portland and the travelling public.
aug3dtf P. B. SENGSTT, Proprietor.

What Cheer House,
Front St., between Morrison and Yamhill
M. O'CONNER, Proprietor,
WOULD respectfully inform his patrons and the public generally that having rented his
NEW AND SPLENDID HOTEL,
He is now prepared to accommodate any number of persons with Board and Lodging.
Each Room is furnished with entirely NEW FURNITURE, Carpets, and French Spring Mattresses.
The Table is furnished with EVERYTHING THE MARKET AFFORDS.
The Proprietor would express himself thankful for the continued patronage of the people for years, in order to merit the further patronage of the public, assuring them that no expense or labor will be spared in making this house the most desirable and agreeable Hotel in Oregon.
Good Fire Proof Safe for keeping treasure, valuables, &c. This House is OPEN AT ALL HOURS. my9
Baggage brought from Steamers FREE OF CHARGE.

Mansion House,
(Formerly What Cheer House,)
THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL IS NOW OPEN for the reception of guests, after being thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.

TERMS:

Board and Lodging, per week,	$6 00
Board without Lodging, per week,	5 00
Board per day,	1 00
Single Meals,	50
Lodgings,	25 to 50

This House is conducted strictly on TEMPERANCE PRINCIPLES. FIRE-PROOF SAFE for Valuables.
☞ Baggage taken to the house free of charge.
my6dtf E. CARNEY, Proprietor.

GLOBE HOTEL,
Corner of North Front and C Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON
THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Portland and the travelling community, that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call, in a manner and at prices to suit the times.
"THE GLOBE" is a NEW HOUSE, just finished; the rooms are large, well ventilated and slightly furnished with carpets, spring-beds, &c., &c. The table will always be supplied with the very best the market affords.
It will be the constant and earnest endeavor of the proprietor to so conduct the "GLOBE," as to give entire satisfaction to his guests, he would therefore respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of the public.
my4 1m PHILIP SCHADE

Howard House,
Front St., near Steamboat Landing.
(Formerly kept by Jas. Going.)
MICHAEL LANE, Proprietor.
THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL IS NOW OPEN FOR the reception of guests. It has been renovated and refurnished.
TERMS:
Board and Lodging from $5 00 to $7 00 per week.
FIRE PROOF SAFE for Valuables, and all baggage carefully taken care of. ap5dtf

PACIFIC Hotel & Restaurant,
OLYMPIA, W. T.
THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN and Popular House having been thoroughly renovated and newly Furnished, is prepared to entertain guests in Greater Comfort and in a more accommodating manner than can be done by any other house in the place. Meals to be had at all hours.
Call and assure yourselves of the truth of the above.
May 2, 1866 MRS REBECCA HOWARD

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS CO,
Corner of North Front and E Sts.,
One Block North of Couch's Wharf,
PORTLAND OREGON,
MANUFACTURE
STEAM ENGINES, Boilers, SAW AND GRIST MILL, Quartz and Mining MACHINERY
OF ALL KINDS,
Castings for Agricultural Machinery,
WROUGHT IRON SHUTTER WORK,
For Fire Proof Buildings at
SAN FRANCISCO COST AND FREIGHT.
Blacksmithing and Repairing.
PATTERNS MADE TO ORDER BY PETER TAYLOR.
All orders for Work will be Executed Promptly.
JOHN NATION,
Portland, February 9 1866 dtf Superintendent.

Painting! Painting!
ROBERT M'DOUGALL,
HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL
PAINTER,
GRAINER, MARBLER DECORATIVE PAPER HANGER and General Jobber.
GROUND GLASS Manufactured to order for Skylights, Transoms, Skylights and other Interior Decorations.
The above named work can be done in Portland, Vancouver or Salem, and parties in the country can give Perfect satisfaction to all who may patronize him at the
SIGN OF ST. MICHAEL,
my14dtf&p1f Front St., opposite the Court House.

NOTICE.
THE MERCHANT'S EXCHANGE SALOON!
OPENS THIS DAY WITH A REDUCTION OF ONE HALF PRICE.
SAMPLES OF the BEST OF WINES, LIQUORS ALE and BEER on Tap constantly. A full Cents per Sample.
A FINE LUNCH EVERY DAY. Cooked and Served up in the superior manner for the undersigned.
Portland, May 1st 1866 T. HARRIS
dtf MERCHANT'S EXCHANGE SAMPLE ROOMS.

Democratic Testimony to Convict a Democratic Falsifier

Not a single measure proposed or endorsed by Democrats at the North can be cited to show that they aided to embarrass the administration in prosecuting the war. Forty Democrats voted uniformly for every measure to raise troops for the army with all practicable expedition.—*Oregon Herald*

To wholly disprove the above "cheeky" statement of the *Herald*, we need only cite the language of prominent democrats uttered no longer ago than 1861. Suppose we quote a little from the speeches made at the Chicago National Convention which represented fully and fairly the democratic party, as the Democrats themselves then claimed.

Ben Allen, a democratic delegate from New York said:

The people will rise and if they cannot put Lincoln out of power by the ballot they will by the bullet.

Allen was probably an "Old Guard" and knew very well what was coming—knew that a democratic league had determined to assassinate Lincoln.

John Fuller, a delegate from Michigan, speaking of the war said:

It is a cruel and *abominable struggle*. Gentlemen, are you willing longer to submit to this state of things. Are you willing, I again ask, to bear the burdens and to submit to the tyranny and oppression? (Cries of "No! No!")

To show just what was the *democratic estimate* of what were called "War Democrats," we quote the language of W. W. O'Brien, another delegate:

But we have men who call the motives "war Democrats"—men who for the sake of power, place or pelf, went into the *business of suicide*; and, soaking their hands in fraternal blood, they hold them up to you all dripping in gore and say "behold my loyalty." *They are not Democrats! they are abolitionists* and the fall we will bury them in the same grave with the abolitionists and damn *them to eternal infamy.*

This expression of opinion of *all who held or urged in the vote to preserve the Union*, was applauded to the echo.

Van Allen said:

I would not have a candidate with the smell of war upon him.

Stambaugh, a delegate from Ohio said:

If called upon to elect between the freedom of the negro, and DISUNION AND SEPARATION, I CHOOSE THE LATTER.

J. A. McMasters a delegate from New York, said:

A man who is in favor of this unholy war, *insults the holy name of Democracy*, when he claims a place in its organization. He is a traitor and should be cast out as an enemy to humanity and to God. War and blood and rapine and murder is the legitimate business of the Lincoln Union. WE WASH OUR HANDS CLEAN OF ALL PARTICIPATION IN IT.

C. C. Chauncy a delegate from New York said:

The army of Lincoln can never again be filled either by enlistment or conscription. If I ever utter a prayer it was that not one of the States of the Union should be conquered and subjugated. *The South cannot be conquered* AND I PRAY GOD THAT NEVER MAY BE. The Democratic party are for peace.

Mr. Trainor a delegate from Ohio said:

I urge the people to go forward and hurl Abraham Lincoln and his *minions* (this is the name used by democrats at that time for *soldiers*) from power. There is no difference between a war democrat and an abolitionist.

Kountz a delegate from Pennsylvania said:

If Lincoln's satraps come among you, gun must cut their d—d throats, that's all. Shall more wives be made widows and more children fatherless? If not, we must put our foot upon the tyrants neck and destroy it. The Democratic Government [The Southern Confederacy was the only *Democratic* government then] must be raised to power and Lincoln and his cabinet of rogues, thieves and tyrants be driven to destruction. What shall we do with him? [A voice, "Send him here and I'll make a coffin for him d—n him."] Yes, d—n him and his miserable followers!

Leaving the Democratic National Convention, we find elsewhere such specimens of Democratic devotion to the Government as the following:

George H. Pendleton, who was the Democratic candidate for Vice President in 1864, boasted publicly, "that he had never, while in Congress, voted a man or a dollar to carry on the war."

Benjamin G. Harris, a Democratic member of Congress, in a speech in the House of Representatives, on the 9th of April, 1864, said:

Mr. Speaker, in the early part of this secession movement, there came a resolution offered, pledging men and money to carry on the war. * * * When a similar measure is brought here it will meet with my opposition. Not ONE DOLLAR AND NOT ONE MAN I WILL, BY THE ETERNAL, WILL I VOTE FOR THIS INFERNAL, THIS ACCURSED WAR, more slaughter than ever disgraced any civilized people on the face of God's earth. * * * The South asked you to let her go with peace. But no, you and you would bring them into subjugation. That is not done yet, and God Almighty grant that it never may be. I hope that you will never subjugate the South.

That was how "every Democrat in Congress voted uniformly for every measure," &c., without proviso or conditions!"

Only the day before, April 8th, Mr. Long of Ohio said:

The Confederate States are *out of the Union* occupying the position of an *independent power de facto*. * * * The war has not assumed all the elements and abrogated all the obligations that usually attend its action. * * * I do not share in the belief entertained by many of my political friends on this floor and elsewhere, that any peace is attainable upon the basis of Union and reconstruction. If the Democratic party were in power to-day, I have no idea—and honesty compels me to declare it—that they could restore the Union of thirty-four States. My mind has undergone an entire change upon that subject, and I now believe that there are but two alternatives and they are, either an acknowledgment of the independence of the South as an independent nation, or their complete subjugation and extermination as a people, and of these alternatives, *I prefer the former.*

Fernando Wood, while a member of Congress, said, in a speech in New Jersey, in 1863:

It is the duty of the people now to refuse to give another man or another dollar for the purpose of carrying on the war.

J. C. Allen, of Illinois, member of Congress, said, referring to the treasonable language of Mr. Long:

Suppose his words do give aid and comfort to the enemy? Are we to exclude him from his rights? It would be in contempt of our rules and of the constitution.

When the resolution was pending to expel Harris from the House for the treasonable language above quoted, he was defended by every democrat then in the House; his *right* to use such language *there* was defended in strong and emphatic language by the democratic members and they all voted against the resolution of expulsion.

Fernando Wood, subsequent to his Now Jersey speech, said in the House of Representatives:

This war cannot restore the Union. I believe the *best to suffer party interests* this immediate question is concerned, cannot be an abolition war *party*. There can be no such thing as a War Democrat.

Pendleton, in the House of Representatives on the 4th of May 1864, in the debate on the bill providing military governments for the rebellious states, said:

Sir if this be the alternative of secession I should prefer that secession should succeed. I should prefer to have the Union dissolved, the Confederate States recognized as a nation, more than I should prefer that secession should go on. It would be, until such State resumes its complete and perfect * * * * I would prefer separation to the unity which this bill would create.

Pendleton voted against this necessary measure—necessary for the protection of loyal people in the Southern States—as he had voted against "giving a man or a dollar in support of the war." Cox, Harris, Long, Allen, Brooks and every other democrat in the House voted against it.

Leaving the House the history of which is full to repletion, with *democratic votes and speeches* "to embarrass the administration in prosecuting the war," it may not be amiss to reproduce some of the sayings of notable democrats elsewhere, and nearer home. In 1862, the Democratic State Convention of California—a bantling of John B. Weller and *the cheeky* editor of the *Herald* Borlish Brown—adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That we are opposed to the employment of force by the General Government against the seceded States for the purpose of compelling obedience and submission to the Federal authority.

This resolution would present itself

The Daily Oregonian.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 30, 1866

UNION STATE TICKET.

For Congress,
RUFUS MALLORY, of Marion.

For Governor,
GEORGE L. WOODS, of Wasco.

For Secretary of State,
SAMUEL E. MAY, of Jackson.

For State Treasurer,
E. N. COOKE, of Marion.

For State Printer,
W. A. McPHERSON of Linn.

A Pair of Thom.

We find the following in a late number of the Sacramento *Bee*

The Sonoma *Democrat* (Beriah Brown, editor) says in view of the character of the Judge before whom the indictment (against Jeff Davis) was found and the universal howl for his blood which echoed and re-echoed from the abolition pack of hell-hounds from the day of his capture to the present, the indictment is not unexpected. But that he can be convicted before any fair and impartial tribunal, regulating its proceedings by the well settled principles of law, no man with three grains of common sense or the slightest pretension to legal knowledge, with fair one moment believe.

The *Bee* adds: 'Hell-hound' and 'philanthropist' as far as the innumerable sanguinary crimes perpetrated under the order and with the approval of the 'late President of the Southern Confederacy' comes with good grace from the old sot cadjutor of the *Democrat*.'

A few days ago Beriah Brown came to this State to find employment for his talents in propagating such doctrines as the above, and in convincing the people of Oregon that Jeff Davis is an innocent man, and that "the Abolition pack of hell-hounds"—that is to say, the defenders of their country against the "innocent" martyr, Jeff. Davis—are the only guilty traitors in America. Of course Beriah readily found a friend in that congenial spirit and brother secessionist, M. H Abbott of the *Oregon Herald*. These two pinks of Democracy, one of whom was editor of a secession paper in Illinois all through the war, and who, on the collapse of the rebellion was obliged to leave the community which he had outraged with his foul-spoken disloyalty, and the other, who was editor of a paper in San Francisco which was so malignantly and fiendishly rebellious that it could no longer be tolerated in a loyal community, and was therefore destroyed by the people—these two choice spirits—these two "political vagrants" who have been driven out of loyal and respectable society wherever they have been, are now entering daily to the Democratic appetite through the columns of the *Herald* of this city. Beriah does the writing, while Abbott assumes the "responsibility." These two secessionists are fit advocates for the Democratic party of Oregon. They are mated at last. Neither would be complete without the other. We trust they may never separate. So remarkable is their affinity for each other, it would be a sin to divorce them.

"History," by Beriah Brown.

In the *Herald* of Monday morning, Beriah Brown labors through three columns to misstate, misapply and answer the remarks made by Hon. David Logan in his speech on Saturday evening. Beriah, of course, could not do less than accuse the speaker of misrepresenting facts and falsifying history. Slavery, according to Beriah, was not aggressive. Oh no! There was nothing aggressive in Calhoun's plan which required the admission of a slave State, though formed out of free territory, for every free State that was admitted into the Union! There was nothing aggressive in the slave power trying to force the "peculiar institution" into all the Territories! Nothing aggressive in the efforts of the South and of the Buchanan Democracy to fasten slavery on free Kansas! Go down to Mexico, Beriah, where you spent a part of last summer, and tell this story to the exiled Confederate patriots, and hear their opinion about it. And if they won't believe it, tell it to the *Chapman* marines, some of whom you will not have to travel so far to see; perhaps they will credit it. But it is hardly worth your while to come up here and waste your great talents in trying to convince the people of Oregon that your pet institution was not aggressive, and that there has been no rebellion. For just so surely as slavery was not aggresive, there has been no war. And just as surely as there has been a war, this war resulted from the aggressions of slavery.

Beriah is not only a proficient in the history of our own times, but he undertakes to teach us the history of the times of our grandsires. Listen to the oracle of the California Democracy:

> The popular belief that the word "slave" was not used in the Constitution on account of objections to the institution, is an error of ignorance out of which the Abolitionists have made much capital.'

How voracious the "history" which Beriah writes! The history which most people have read tells a story something different from his. "Elliott's Debates" are regarded by many persons as furnishing a credible account of proceedings of the Constitutional Convention of 1787. In the debate on the clause of the proposed Constitution permitting the slave trade for twenty years, Luther Martin of Maryland said:

> It is inconsistent with the principles of the Revolution, and dishonorable to the American character, to have such a feature in the Constitution.

In the debate on the same subject, George Mason of Virginia said:

> Every master of slaves is born a petty tyrant. They bring the judgment of Heaven on a country. *Providence punishes national sins by national calamities.*

Governeur Morris of New York said:

> I will never concur in upholding domestic slavery. It is a nefarious institution.

Rufus King of Massachusetts said:

> I can so little persuade myself of the rectitude of such a practice that I am not sure I could accept it if under any circumstances.

We might cite any number of quotations to the same purpose from "Elliott's Debates," but we think the above will suffice to show that the framers of the Constitution *had* very considerable "objections to the institution," Beriah to the contrary notwithstanding.

Beriah continues his "history."

> Mr Madison had the word (slave) stricken out, not on account of moral, but legal objections

Mr. Madison himself tells us why he excluded the terms "slave" and "slavery" from the Constitution. It was done, says he, "because they (the Convention) *did not choose to admit the right of property in man.*" But Beriah, not satisfied with this, quotes "history" again:

> New England had the monopoly of the slave trade slavery not being profitable in the Northern States, the South afforded the chief market for slaves. The slavepower controversy in the convention was on the demand of the South for the prohibition of the foreign trade, which prohibition was opposed by New England; every delegate from Virginia voted for the immediate and absolute prohibition of the African slave trade, and every delegate from Massachusetts voted against the prohibition. The compromise was in favor of Massachusetts—extending the slave trade for twenty years.

Now every history of those times except Beriah Brown's says that the Convention was anxious to prohibit the slave-trade at once; but South Carolina and Georgia were present by their delegates and answered, "No slave-trade, no Union"; hence, for the sake of Union, Massachusetts and the other New England States gave way and consented that the slave-trade might continue for twenty years. And Virginia, though at first voting with Massachusetts for immediate and absolute prohibition, agreed at last to the compromise and voted for it. This is the true history of that transaction, as given by all writers except Beriah Brown.

We have thus exposed a few of the false statements contained in the *Herald's* review of Mr Logan's speech. The balance of the review is as full of falsehood as the parts we have just considered. What a commentary on the intelligence of the Democratic party of Oregon to find it swallowing down these bald untruths as veracious history! And what a commentary on its respectability to find it recognizing the secessionist M. H. Abbott, and the outcast and rebel, Parson Brown, as its principal champions.

By Overland Telegraph,

[DESPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

DATES TO MAY 26.

Connecticut Senatorial Election

Canton, May 21st—The Connecticut Senate will ballot for United States Senator on the 23d, and the reported defection of three Republican Senators from Gen. Ferry, the caucus nominee who has been elected on the part of the House, causes the result to be awaited with some interest

Monetary

New York May 21st—The bulls succeeded in forcing up on Saturday the 19th one point to 97½@98. The bulls on Monday, 21st, sustained the Commercial's report with success. The movement subsided, and bulls went up and up in the banks for this large amount caused a slight flurry upon the market—but all's quiet with a lower except Gold which is firm but the bulls show a bold front—by paying daily only 6 per cent shrinkage—No quotation—It is understood that the next probability of Secretary McCulloch calling in certificates of indebtedness sufficient to reduce upon the market in October all currency now being withdrawn through sales of gold. The Treasury still daily says gold was parted with at the going rate of the market with no attempt or knowledge of hands and should later news be construed to require double or treble gold, as seems probable we have reason to believe it will not be withheld

The Colorado Question

Washington May 21—The Senate postponed the Constitutional amendment until Wednesday May 23d, and made the Colorado question the special order for Thursday, May 24th. The Colorado Senators elect and their friends of the bill, are working strongly to pass it over the veto

The House passed a resolution providing for a joint committee of two Senators and three representatives to investigate the operation of the Freedmen's Bureau

Discharge of Otto Burstenbinder.

New York May 24—The U S marshal has ordered the discharge of Otto Burstenbinder, deciding that he could not be held for trial here, he not having been personally engaged in the shipping of nitro glycerine in San Francisco, and being also not from the city at the time and also that he cannot be held responsible for the crime committed

Ohio Democratic State Convention.

Columbus, Ohio, May 24—The Democratic State Convention nominated Chas Wilcox, of Cincinnati, for Judge of the Supreme Court, and H S Lovern, of Shelby county, for Secretary of State, adopted resolutions declaring that the Democracy will adhere to its organization and to its ancient faith as enunciated in the well-settled principles of Thomas Jefferson; but the one great question of the day being the immediate and unconditional restoration of all the States to the exercise of their rights within the Federal Union under the Constitution we will cordially and actively support Andrew Johnson as President of the United States in all necessary and proper means to carry out his policy as directed to that end, and for the purpose above set forth we will cordially co-operate in public meetings, conventions and at the polls with all men without reference to past party positions, who honestly and by their acts as well as by their professions support the President's policy as now declared. George H. Pendleton addressed the Convention congratulating the Democracy on having once more regained its legitimate position in the heart of the people. He then spoke in his enforcement of the President, but regarded him as the present salvation of the country. Vallandigham spoke in the evening, saying the support given by the Democracy to Andrew Johnson was the most honest ever given by any party to a President. It was manifest support with no demand for office. The Democracy owed nothing to the Republican party and did not intend the Republican party should owe it anything. The battle would be fought out on this line. He was a Copperhead and gloried in it, and would tell the Republicans that in five years they would be making affidavits to prove that they were the real Copperheads and we the pretenders; but Copperheads did not intend to be swallowed up by the President, nor the President by the Copperheads. The President was not going over to the Copperheads, for they would neither ask nor take office at his hands though they intended to hold all the offices after March, 1869

North Carolina Constitutional Convention.

Raleigh, N C May 24—The State constitutional convention re-assembled to-day, when forty-eight delegates answered to their names. Clark offered a resolution declaring that whereas this convention did at its former session fully and satisfactorily accomplish the purpose it was called for, and whereas, no further action is now required and delandice, therefore resolved, that the convention adjourn sine die. The resolution was over one day under the rule. It is thought it will not pass

Depot Burned—Arrest of an Embezzler.

New York, May 25—The Hudson River Railroad freight depot, at Thirty-Third street was burned this morning. Loss, $50,000.

The bookkeepers in the saving bank, son of a clergyman, whose name has been withheld, has been arrested for the embezzlement of $15,000. He has returned part of the money.

The Trial of Jeff. Davis Postponed.

New York, May 25.—The *Herald's* Washington special dispatch says: The trial of Jeff. Davis under the Norfolk indictment will probably be postponed till August or September. Much animosity prevails in Virginia against the members of the grand jury who returned the indictment, and until the popular feeling somewhat subsides the Attorney General thinks it best to delay the trial

Decision against Negro Testimony.

Judge Thomas, of the Circuit Court of Virginia at Alexandria, refused to admit negro testimony in case where a white man is concerned on trial before him, declaring that Congress cannot decide that persons or classes of persons may testify in Virginia courts.

Investigation of the Memphis Riots

Washington, May 25—The Congressional committee at Memphis, telegraph that they have begun the investigation of the late riots. Major Gilbert who was sent to Memphis by General Howard, has made a partial report, saying that the civil authorities have not taken the slightest notice of the terrible riots—say there was simply a skirmish between the police and negroes. It was certainly a very one sided skirmish, as it appears from the testimony that no resistance was made by the negroes. After the first fight the citizens had been advised to hold meetings and denounce the conduct of the mob, but they neglected and refused to do so. The papers of Memphis are at the root of the whole matter. They have educated it for months, and this is only the legitimate results of their inflammatory and incendiary articles.

Financial Matters—Telegraph Consolidation.

New York, May 25.—The *Post's* money article says The chief thing of importance on Wall street is the firmness given to five-twenties by the report that, owing to the advance in gold, foreign houses which had imported goods, cannot sell at a profit, consequently are re-exporting.

There is a statement afloat that the leading stockholders and a majority of the directors of the Western Union and American Telegraph Companies have substantially agreed upon a basis of consolidation.

Cotton to-day is two cents better, with a fair demand at 41c for middling

Liberty of Jeff. Davis Enlarged.

Fortress Monroe, May 25—Instructions from Washington were received this morning by General Miles to grant Jeff. Davis, on his parole, the freedom of the fort, retiring to his room at Carroll Hall at night. His counsel, Sloss and O'Connor, have been allowed access to the fort and can have private interviews with him at any time

Steamers for Montana—Congressional.

Chicago, May 26th.—Up to the 12th of May forty one steamboats had passed Sioux City for Montana

Washington, May 26.—The Senate was in executive session for two hours yesterday, considering the removals and appointment for opinion's sake, and finally rejected the nominations of Col Lamb McKelvey for Marshal of the Western district of Pennsylvania, and Col. W H Purnell for Postmaster of Baltimore, both active supporters of the President's policy. Another batch of nominations was sent in including Col Harris, present Mayor of Cincinnati, for Collector of the first district of Ohio, vice Spooner, removed. That the House Judiciary Committee had decided to submit no report of the complicity of Jeff. Davis in the assassination conspiracy is wholly incorrect. They are going on with the investigation, and for the last three days have been hearing more testimony

Mrs. Jeff. Davis arrived yesterday for the purpose of asking the President to remove Davis from his present quarters as suggested by the Surgeon's report. Unless his trial is to take place in June it is believed a change of the locality of his confinement will be made.

Washington, May 26.—In the Senate Morrill, of Maine introduced a resolution, which was adopted, calling upon the President for information as to what executive action had been taken under the various acts for the colonization of persons of African descent

Wilson of Massachusetts, called up his joint resolution allowing meritorious soldiers over twenty-one years of age to be appointed cadets at West Point. Sevarlh moved an amendment that hereafter the Superintendent of the Military Academy may be selected from any corps of the army; last 11 to 10. The joint resolution was then passed. The Senate at half past one adjourned till Monday, 28th, and the Republican Senators immediately went into caucus upon the constitutional amendment, to determine the basis for united action in open session. Thirty-four Senatorial votes were, it is understood, cast in caucus this morning for whatever may be adopted by the majority.

In the House Hubbard, of Iowa, introduced a bill repealing the restrictions in the postal laws which prohibits the carrying of printed matter and documents by the overland mail, and which require prepayment

Cooper, of Massachusetts, reported bill requiring disbursing officers to deposit with the treasury or its agencies, and making it a felony to do otherwise. The House passed by a vote of 128 against 4 the bill heretofore reported for expediting bounties, an amendment to direct soldiers prize money and soldiers' local bounties and to prohibit the payment where the discharge papers have been sold to brokers. The effect of these amendments is to cut off nearly all who enlisted in 1863 or subsequently where local bounties were paid. The House then resumed the consideration of the tax bill

New York, May 26th.—The *Times'* special dispatch says the Senate caucus after great liberality of views on reconstruction, agreed to adopt the Constitutional amendment as it passed the House except the 2d section. The caucus then discussed appointments and confirmations, and the preponderance of sentiment seemed to be that it would be foolish to carry on the warfare begun by the rejection of loyal and good men.

The *Tribune's* special dispatch says the subject of adjournment or recess was discussed in the caucus and without final action it was thought possible that only men about the middle of June unless something to develop I put more anticipate. It was agreed that every attempt to be made to harmonize conflicting measures but that the party might show a firm front. The caucus adjourned to-me t again on the 28th

Foreign News

New York, May 24th—The steamers *Saxonia* and *America* have arrived with dates to April 6th. The panic was over. No more failures were reported. The bank refused to advance on consols. The shipowners' association continued their meeting. Consols closed at 89¾@ 90 for money and 90@90¼ for account. U S 6-20s closed at 70½@71.

Liverpool, May 15—Cotton is quiet and unchanged. Sales were made of 1000 bales yesterday and to-day at previous prices.

The question of an European Congress was again agitated

The Austrian troops had occupied the Bohemian and Silesian frontiers. The volunteer corps had disbanded, as a greater portion had entered the army of the North. Military preparations continued through all the German States. Great excitement prevailed at Leipsic, owing to a report that the Prussians had crossed the Saxon frontiers, and that a collision with the Saxon troops was imminent

Garibaldi has accepted the command tendered him by the Italian Government

FROM THE NORTH

New Westminster May 20—The following letter was received by Hon. A. N. Birch last evening in answering a few the Stone Line. [illegible] which below is a fair in diggings. These are from the Cariboo Creek diggings while the other is from Antler Creek diggings which are much nearer at hand. They have since

Quesnelle Mouth, May 14th, 1866. To Hon. Joseph W. Trutch, Victoria, B. C. Dear Sir: Having been appointed by the Government, I have the honor to inform you that I am now on the officer administering the Government, two and on both of us as samples of gold taken from newly discovered creeks, as requested in my letter of the 9th inst. the exact value of which cannot be ascertained there but pronounced to be fully $18 per ounce. The nature of the diggings from which it was obtained, is what is termed surface diggings, as no substance, having, as we are told, three feet in depth, and they are of very considerable extent. It is however believed by the most experienced miners in this part of the country, that on examination much of the earth will be found of a greater depth and of richer character than that on the surface, with the object of exploration particularly which will have to be further attended to during the present year. The sample forwarded, is fair specimen gold found in very trifling proportion, being less than a dollar sized piece. One piece has been sent to Victoria valued at $10, and one $8.

(Signed) W. P. SPAULDING,
Stipendiary Magistrate

From the Upper Country

From the Walla Walla *Statesman* of the 26th inst we make the following

A little child of Mr. Wm Knight living on the Upper Touchet aged about two years, was drowned in a well on Saturday last

We are told that the creeks are making their appearance in small numbers in different parts of the valley. In some localities they are so numerous that the farmers fear they will greatly injure. But they do not entirely destroy their crops. They are said to do but little more doubtful than they have become since the first settlement of the valley.

Letters have been received here this week from the Upper Columbia stating, the return of the earlier mining parties who went thither are very much dissatisfied with the prospects. They say it is a time when the diggings are not rich enough or even important prospecting, and they will report the mines and the mining region in unfavorable terms to general gold hunting. We fear these fine mines so good and extensive are unnecessarily ill-spoken of, but a matter of surprise if no serious set backs to regular movement from the difficulties in the mining season fully begins.

Mr. Edgar of Weldon & Co's Blackfoot Express, arrived here on Thursday—nine days from Hell Gate. He reports that the miners are still getting rich and that the news from the various camps is highly encouraging. He came by way of the Mullan road, which he says is in fair condition, although complaining that the settlers had now very high and the stage coaches could not run. Our informant says the Cosur d'Alene mountains are being gone over much more thoroughly and carefully than ever before. Mr. Edgar informs us that a few days' rain fell on the mountains while Mr. Edgar was crossing and the weather was all the time quite warm—melting the snow off the high peaks very rapidly. The consequence is reported the roads are higher than they have been for years, but with the warm weather that is prevailing the snow will melt in a few days and the waters will recede.

Under the impulse of the Big Hunch or Summit Cariboo has become a place of considerable activity and great signs of improvement. One of the indications of progress is the erection of a large hotel by D. L. Tolby which will be a great accommodation to the travelling public. Catching the spirit of the times the farmers of the valley have seeded much larger quantities of grain this spring than usual. The report that the soldiers at Fort Colville had deserted and gone to the mines is without foundation. The desertions, all told foot up nine men.

A flourishing little town is springing up at the lower landing of the steamer *Forty Nine*. Already the town presents quite a business appearance and gives promise of a prosperous future. The principal business house is that of Chas Montgomery & Co., who have a store stocked with miners' goods, and also have a warehouse for the accommodation of those wishing to store goods. Altogether, Little Dalles is fast assuming the proportions of a town

An Act

To grant the right of way to the "Cascade Railroad Company through a military reserve in Washington Territory

Whereas The Cascade Railroad Company, a corporation duly created and organized under the laws of Washington Territory, has constructed and put in operation a railroad on the Cascade portage of the Columbia river in said Territory, a portion of which said road is covered through a military reserve of the United States and whereas doubts have arisen as to the right to construct such road through said reserve, and the validity of the charter of said company; therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That there shall be and is hereby granted to the said Cascade Railroad Company a right of way sixty feet in width along the line of said road at present constructed, and along the changes of location hereafter made to straighten and render said road safe, through the public lands of the United States, the military reserve, and the lands of private persons agreeing thereto, including all necessary grounds for stations, buildings, workshops, depots, machine shops, switches, side tracks and wharves. And the charter of said company is hereby adopted and declared to be valid: Provided, that nothing in this Act shall be so construed as to give said company the right to occupy for any purposes whatever, more than sixty feet in width on the line of said road, at any point or points where the space or pass between the river and bluff or mountain is so narrow as not to admit of the construction of another parallel road turnpike road, canal, or other public work for transportation of freight or passengers.

Approved by the President, April 10th, 1866.

State Items.

The Linn County Agricultural Association advertises to sell a number of desirable lots on the fair grounds just outside the present limits of Albany

Mining operations are soon to be resumed in the Santiam district. At present, the workmen there are getting out rock and preparing to start the mill again.

The Albany *Journal* recites the circumstances of a shooting affray on Long Tom, between Geo. Satterfield and Geo. Gibson, in which the former was mortally wounded. Satterfield fired three and Gibson four shots, the last of which entered Satterfield's side near the heart. He is not expected to recover

Chinaberry.—A German paper publishes an anecdote of President Lincoln which has not been in print in this country. A Lieutenant, whom debts compelled to leave his fatherland and service, succeeded in being admitted to the late President Lincoln, and, by reason of his commendable and winning deportment and intelligent appearance, was promised a lieutenant's commission in a cavalry regiment. He was so enraptured at his success that he deemed it a duty to inform the President that he belonged to one of the oldest noble houses in Germany. "Oh, never mind that," said the President "you will not find that to be an obstacle to your advancement."

Walla Walla Union Ticket.—*Joint Councilman for Walla Walla and Stream Counties*, R. N Saxton. *Representatives*, Wm. F Courtney, D. B. Johnson, L. L. Hurd. L Day P. Ellis, *Treasurer*, J. F. Bayer; *Assessor* Frank Pfaff, *County Commissioners* S. M. Wall, long term, A. Knox, short term; *School Superintendent*, B F Cross.

An Established Remedy.—"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are widely known as an established remedy for *Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness*, and other troubles of the *Throat and Lungs*. Their good reputation and extensive use has brought out imitations, represented to be the same. Obtain only "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*."

J. W. JOHNSTON & CO., Photographic Chemists and Artists, Gallery, No. 107 Front St., Portland, Oregon.

PICTURES MADE IN EVERY STYLE OF THE ART, from the Smallest Miniature to Life Size

Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed or no charge

A Large Assortment of Ambrotypes and Photograph material constantly kept on hand and for sale

All of our Chemicals are warranted Chemically Pure and are manufactured by Mr. J. W. Johnston Practical Photographic Chemist and Pioneer Artist of California

Surpassed by none and equalled by but few.

This is our motto and our work will prove it true.

N. B.—Instructions given in the Art of Ambrotyping Photography, and the Manufacturing of Photographic Chemicals on Moderate terms. ap3d6tf

Most Beautiful Photographic Work

is now being done at *Buchtel's Premium Gallery*. The Stereoscopic Card Pictures—attracting so much attention in other sections—is being taken at the above gallery, the only rooms in the State where it may be had. Buchtel is the pioneer photographer and ambrotyper and introduces all the new styles in his line in the State of Oregon, taking the first ambrotype, first photographs and first premiums. Rooms on Front street, corner of Morrison

NEW TO-DAY.

FLAG PRESENTATION AND SOCIAL SOIREE!

AT

ORO FINO HALL!

Given by the Fenian Guards of this City on

Thursday Evening, May 31st.

THIS PRESENTATION OF A BEAUTIFUL IRISH Flag by the Ladies of Portland will take place at 8½ o'clock P. M., after which there will be Dancing till twelve o'clock

MUSIC BY THE MECHANICS BRASS BAND

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR A COUPLE

Tickets can be had from members of the Company and at the Principal Hotels

my30 2t

SAW-MILL MACHINERY For Sale.

ONE SET OF FIRST-CLASS IRONS FOR A CIRCULAR Saw Mill new and complete, is offered for sale on reasonable terms by the undersigned. The machinery is now at the old Multnomah, Sherrill & Co's, but will be delivered at any point. Those of the machinery may be seen at the Store of McLaran Bros., Second Street, between Salmon and Main streets.

M. L. McLEHAN,
Portland, May 10, 1866. 4p4tf

NEW STOCK OF SUMMER GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

DRESS GOODS—BUTTONS AND TRIMMINGS Ladies' Hosiery, White Goods, Ribbons, Silklets, Cotton Hosiery, Gents' Ties, Cravats, Rouge, Bulbenzale, Skirts, Linen Cloths, Fans, Silk Umbrellas and Ladies Parasols Silk Bonnets Sacks and Circulars Brilliants, French Prints, Fancy Goods and Cotton at REDUCED PRICES for Cash by

my 30 3t JOHN WILSON.

Flour.

WE HAVE REDUCED THE RATES ON STAND ARD MILLS FLOUR to $6 00 per barrel

ALLEN & LEWIS, Agents

May 25, 1866 d6t

NEW TO-DAY.

NORTH AMERICA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

The Most Liberal Company IN THE UNITED STATES.

DIVIDENDS IN CASH—FORTY-FIVE (45) PER CENT, or if added to Policies, OVER EIGHTY (80) PER CENT

ALL POLICY HOLDERS ALLOWED TO TRAVEL ANYWHERE ON THE GLOBE WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE and to RESIDE ANYWHERE ON THE GLOBE (except between the Tropics) WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE

NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR OFFICERS OF VESSELS, ENGINEERS MINERS, &c., &c

This Company Insures against Accidents by Traveling.

J. A. EATON & CO.,
Managers of the Pacific Branch,
N E Cor Montgomery and Pine Sts., San Francisco

GEO. ABERNETHY,
Agent for Portland

P O McCOWN Agent for Oregon City
P A CHENOWETH Agent for Corvallis
P W JOHNSON, Agent for Eugene City
my2d2p3m

WEEKS & SWAN,

Corner of Third and Morrison Streets,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

FRESH BUTTER AND EGGS.

CASH PAID FOR OREGON PRODUCE CHICKENS and Eggs. Farmers give us a call

We have also on hand a small quantity of CORN MEAL, LARGE and SMALL CRACKED HOMINY, GRAHAM WHEAT and WHITE BEANS, which we are offering at San Francisco Prices

Orders promptly filled and Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the city

LITTLE GIANT WRINGER!

The Simplest and Best in use. Every one is warranted to give satisfaction, or no sale. Orders solicited from the country.

DAVID E. SWAN,
Sole Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory
Depot 48 and 50 Front St. and 49 and 51 Ankeny St.
my28d6tf Corner Third and Morrison Sts

NOTICE TO Consumers of Coffee.

WILLIAMS & M'BRIDE,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIzens of Portland and the country in general that they are now putting up a superior article of

FAMILY CHARTRES COFFEE,

Which in point of flavor and richness of taste, cannot be excelled by anything of the kind on the coast.

Our Excelsior FAMILY CHARTRES COFFEE can be had at all the

Principal Retail Groceries

In the City, and as there is a great amount of inferior Coffee selling at low prices in the market buyers should be particular to ask for WILLIAMS & McBRIDE'S, if they desire a good article.

Also, on hand,

SPICES, PICKLES, PIE FRUITS, JAMS, JELLIES, SAUCES, &c.,

And the Celebrated LIGHTNING MATCHES, Manufactured by A. H. Sheffield, Vancouver

All of which will be sold at the LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES at

NO 40 FRONT STREET,
my 26d3p1f Portland, Oregon

EXCURSION!

THE STEAMER

FANNIE TROUP!

WILL MAKE

AN EXCURSION TO VANCOUVER!

ON

SUNDAY, JUNE 3D, 1866,

Leaving LINCOLN HOUSE WHARF at 10 A. M.

Returning—Leave Vancouver at 4 P. M.

TICKETS FOR THE TRIP ..... $1 00.

Children Half Price

☞ If the weather is not favorable the Excursion will be postponed one week.

my28d1t CAPT. TURNBULL.

3,000 PAIRS

OF

LADIES, GENTS, MISSES, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GAITERS, ETC.,

RECEIVED BY THE LAST STEAMER AT THE

PHILADELPHIA BOOT AND SHOE STORE!

Which we are enabled to sell Cheaper than any other store in this city, as we receive them direct from the Manufacturers

BUTLER & KASF,
Opposite Walter Bros.' Carpet Store, 142 Front St
my29d2p1f Portland Oregon.

REMOVED.

THE MAMMOTH SALOON

HAS REMOVED TO THE

Corner of Taylor and Front Streets,

ON ACCOUNT OF HIGH WATER.

THANKFUL TO THE PUBLIC FOR THE PATronage they have heretofore so generously extended him, the proprietor would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same at his new place of business until the water recedes so as to enable him to return to his old stand, corner of Front and Morrison streets

my 29d4w CHARLES LA'MAR.

HO! FOR THE WHITE HOUSE AND Milwaukie Ferry!

THE OMNIBUS WILL RUN regularly from LINCOLN HOUSE to the "FULTON HOUSE" and "WHITE HOUSE"

Leaving the Lincoln House at 8 o'clock A M and 5 o'clock P M. Leaving White House at 10 o'clock A M and 0½ P. M

Rates of Fare to Fulton House ..... 25 cents.
" " " White House ..... 50 cents.

Same rates on return trips

my28d1tf G A ANDERSON.

ASSAY OFFICE!

KING, MYRICK & CO.,

(*Successors to E. W. Tracy & Co.*)

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE INTEREST OF E. W. TRACY & CO., in their

ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 58 Front Street,

We are prepared to continue the Business of ASSAYING GOLD DUST, ORES, &c.

MARK A. KING,
JOSIAH MYRICK,
HOWARD WEBB

Portland April 10th, 1866
ap10d2p1f

Notice TO CONSUMERS OF SAINSEVAIN'S NATIVE WINE BITTERS.

WHEN YOU ASK FOR SAINSEVAIN'S WINE BITTERS see that you get it as inferior kinds are often substituted

For sale by the principal Wine Merchants throughout the State. Depot at MESCARO & SHULBY, 8 & 10 Front street San Francisco. my16d1m2p

LIME,

PLASTER AND CEMENT, for sale by

GEO ABERNETHY,
134 Front Street Portland

EUREKA CLOTHES WRINGER!

THE BEST CLOTHES WRINGER IN USE. THE Improved Rubber Rollers now used in this Machine, are of the very best quality and will last for years. For sale by

GEO ABERNETHY, and
134 Front Street Portland

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL OR MADE TO ORDER

IN LOTS TO SUIT, AT THE

CLOTHING FACTORY, OREGON CITY.

my 26d1f C M KESTOR

Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THE STEAMERS

NEW WORLD, CASCADE, OR WILSON G. HUNT,

CAPT JOHN WOLFE ..... Commander,

Will leave PORTLAND, daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A M for the CASCADES, connecting with the Steamers

ONEONTA OR IDAHO,
CAPT. JOHN McNULTY, ... Commander,

FOR DALLES—THROUGH IN ONE DAY

THE STEAMERS

YAKIMA, WEB-FOOT, TENINO, OWYHEE, NEZ PERCES CHIEF, SPRAY, and OREGONIAN,

Captains F F COE, C FELTON, J H GRAY, and PHIL STUHLI,

Will run during the Season from CELILO to UMATILLA, WALLULA WHITE BLUFFS, PALOUSE and LEWISTON

One of the above named Boats will leave CELILO for UMATILLA and WALLULA on

TUESDAY THURSDAY and SATURDAY of each week

Boats will be dispatched for WHITE BLUFFS, PALOUSE and LEWISTON as often as the necessity of the trade will demand

THE STEAMER

SHOSHONE,

CAPT J MYRICK ..... Commander

Will run from OLDS FERRY on Snake River to BOISE CITY OWYHEE and SOUTH BOISE LANDINGS connecting with

THOMAS & CO.'S STAGES,

And H M DURELL & CO'S FAST FREIGHT LINES

Portland, March 1st 1866.

J C AINSWORTH,
President O S N Co

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO. NOTICE.

For White Bluffs!

THE STEAMER

YAKIMA,

COE ..... Master,

WILL LEAVE CELILO EVERY SATURDAY

FOR WHITE BLUFFS.

PRICE OF FREIGHT, $40 per ton from Portland.

For Lewiston!

THE STEAMER

OWYHEE,

PELTON ..... Master,

will leave

Wallula for Lewiston

EVERY WEDNESDAY.

Portland, April 10th, 1866.
dtf J C AINSWORTH, Pres't.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO. NOTICE.

FREIGHT ON FLOUR REDUCED.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, THE 23D OF APRIL, till further notice, Freight on Flour will be as follows:

From Portland to Umatilla ..... $20 00 per ton.
" " " Wallula ..... 22 50 " "
" " " White Bluffs ..... 30 00 " "
" " " Lewiston ..... 40 00 " "

Portland, April 21, 1866.
ap23d1f J. C. AINSWORTH, Pres't.

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S Notice.

FROM THIS DATE UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE

THE STEAMERS

SENATOR OR ALERT

WILL LEAVE VAUGHN'S WHARF

Every Morning (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock,

For Oregon City,

Connecting with the Steamers

Reliance, Fannie Patton or Active,

On MONDAY and THURSDAY of each week,

FOR SALEM, ALBANY CORVALLIS,

and intermediate points, and with the

Steamer Union,

On MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY of each week for DAYTON, LAFAYETTE and intermediate points

☞ STEAMERS ENTERPRISE OR ECHO will be dispatched for EUGENE CITY and intermediate points as often as the necessity of the trade demands.

April 20th, 1866
dtf A A McCULLY,
Prest People's Trans. Co

D. V. WALDRON, A. D. EDGAR, SAM. E. DUCHANAN

WALDRON & CO.'S

BLACKFOOT EXPRESS!

MESSRS. WALDRON EDGAR AND DUCHANAN (Lately in the employ of Wells, Fargo & Co.) have established an EXPRESS TRI-MONTHLY

FROM WALLA WALLA TO BLACKFOOT CITY,

ELK CREEK, HELENA, VIRGINIA CITY and all the Mining Camps in Montana Territory, connecting at Walla Walla with WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.

☞ Ship Treasure at Lowest Rates; Purchase Goods of every description; Execute Commissions of all kinds, and make Collections.

☞ All letters and Packages sent through Wells, Fargo & Co. will be promptly forwarded.

Refer to all Agents of Wells, Fargo & Co in Oregon and Washington Territory

ap2d2p3m WALDRON & CO

J. M. FOX,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES & LIQUORS!

97 FRONT ST., PORTLAND, 27

(Opposite the O. S. N. Co.'s Wharf.)

Offers for sale

Fine French Brandies;
Standard Brands American Whiskies,
Scotch and Irish Whiskies,
Holland Gin,
Fine Old Tom,
Jamaica Rum,
PORT, SHERRY and CLARET WINES

Also, a full assortment of

Case Liquors,

Which are offered to the trade on reasonable terms

June 9 1865 d6e2p J M FOX.

GET THE BEST! "THE AMERICAN CONFLICT!"

In Two Volumes,

ELEGANTLY ILLUSTRATED WITH 142 PORTRAITS ON STEEL, *nearly* 100 *Maps and Battle Plans of Battle Fields Views, etc* 125,000 Copies Sold. "*Recognized as the* Rhetat Augmentt *by fair minded men of all parties*."

If you would not be deeply cheated Buy no thousands of purchasers of so-called Historical, written by mercenary, obscure or partial authors under *The American Conflict*. The work cannot fail to take first rank as a STANDARD History of the American Conflict.—*Boston Shipping List*

"A work that will survive when the many flashy so-called Histories which are now having or have had a temporary sale have passed into oblivion."—*Worcester Banner Register*

Mr. GREELEY is qualified above all his contemporaries for the work.—*London (Eng.) Saturday Review*.

"Mr. Greeley gives it a value beyond any other history of that eventful period."—*Thaddeus Stevens M. C.*

"This one is said to be BEST in the opinion of its native editors and conductors of Copperhead Rebeldom as well as of the friends of the War itself.—*Schuyler Colfax, Speaker of the U. S. House of Rep.*

Volume II will be ready in a few months, accompanied by a large, elegant Copperplate Map of the Seat of War.

AGENTS WANTED for Oregon, Idaho, Washington Territory, British Columbia. Address

W. H. SHAW,
Albany or Portland, Oregon

my 19d3w1f

Flour, Bacon, Lard, CHINOOK SALMON,

For sale by

GEO ABERNETHY,
134 Front Street

my16d1m2p

100 SETS WAGON BOXES—3 to 6 in For sale by F J NORTHRUP & CO

Auction and Commission.

OSCAR KILBOURN, AUCTIONEER,

No. 90 Front Street,

AUCTION SALES—TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS, OF

Real Estate, Stock, Furniture, Horses, and General

The Daily Oregonian.

CITY.

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tender rates ..... 73@74
New York Gold Quotations..... 143½

THE SCHOOL MEETING.—We had not the time necessary to give a full report yesterday of the business transacted at the school meeting on Monday night, and take it up now to do it now. The meeting was called to order by Enoch Bailey, Esq., chairman of the Board of Directors, and the business to be transacted was stated to be 1st, the purchase of a lot or lots in the first ward for a school purposes; 2d, the building of another school house; 3d the levying of a special tax to provide means for those objects; and 4th, such other matters as might be necessary for the benefit of the district. The Directors report that the present accommodations were not ample for the children of the district. It was shown that there are 1,000 children in the district, between the ages of four and twenty years. The two houses already built, and the fine school of the district, were full, and afforded places for but 573 scholars, which left 940 scholars out of school. Allowing that 150 attend private schools, 800 were yet unprovided for. The literature were impressed with the importance that was to be attached to the subject, and after a careful examination had decided that it was best to purchase one half of block 60, and erect upon it a house suitable to accommodate the wants of the district. The west half of the block could be purchased for $2,000, or the north half for $2,400, and the former was advised. To erect a wooden building similar to the Harrison street house, but larger, would require $9,500, and the lower portion might be completed the present season by expending $2,500. The erection of a more permanent building, of brick, would require $12,000. The present Chairman of the building fund was given at $4,014. The report of the Directors was adopted, and after some argument by various persons present, on motion the Directors were authorized to purchase the whole of block 60, at a cost of $4,400. It was next voted that the Directors proceed by suitable to erect a building as proposed at a cost of about $9,500. This much done it next became necessary to provide the Directors with the necessary funds, and a motion to levy a special tax of 5 mills on all the taxable property of the district was lost, after a lengthy debate. Then a proposition for a tax of 3 mills met a similar fate. It now became apparent that the Directors had been instructed to do more than could be done, under the circumstances, and a motion to reconsider the vote by which the building had been authorized was carried, and the action rescinded. A motion to reconsider the vote authorizing the purchase of block 60 was next entertained, but the vote sustained the previous action. A special tax of 2½ mills was then authorized to pay past indebtedness, and purchase the block mentioned, and the meeting adjourned. The propositions were opposed by many present because of the fact that purchasing the block would not assist the Directors in this emergency, and would not put another scholar in school. Funds are yet unprovided for, at least for one year, as the Directors report. It an impossibility to secure suitable rooms for temporary use. We trust they may, however, gain a good conjugement, be able to effect a change.

FOUR DAYS FROM MINES.—The third, and quickest trip of the steamer "O," Capt. Len. White, between Little Dalles and La Porte, on the Columbia river—crossing the 49th parallel of latitude—has been received in this city. The latest trips were made in *four days and a half*, which has been important to many in town, as it will carry convenience to the minds of Victorians—and those San Franciscans to whom the Columbia is susceptible of *easy and speedy* navigation. The trip to La Porte, within 13 miles of the mines of Big Bend, was made in *seventy two hours*, and the return trip in *thirty hours*. The passengers were about 1 000 men in the main who had reached there in destitute circumstances, much suffering, via "Victoria" routes over the mountains. The rush was too early for the mines, as but little prospecting had been done in consequence of the snow. The old claims were yielding handsomely. Some of the disgusted class returned to Colville, and some had pushed in in the direction of Black Foot. A man named Bridges was drowned at Little Dalles in passing over rapids in a bark canoe carelessly, and another, name unknown, was drowned at Death's rapids in a manner similar.

LAST RATIFICO.—The Honolulu *Advertiser* of April 14th gives a count of voyages made between San Francisco and the Islands this season, from which it appears the steamer *Kilauea* made the trip in 30 days and 19 hours—the barks *Kilauea Alikea* and *Comet* have made the trip each in 12 days and 19 hours, or but 24 hours less than was made by the *Alpha*. The track made by the *Kilauea* on her last trip, was nearly a straight line from the Islands to the Farallones, where she arrived on the evening of February 11th, and in going in *passed* nineteen vessels, among them the new clipper ship *Seminole*, and made the shortest passage out from New York that has been made since 1856—27 days—arriving at her anchorage some time ahead of the whole fleet that entered with her.

THE DIRECTORS TO-NIGHT.—The grand military and civic ball, and promenade concert, to be given by the Washington Guard and full 14th Infantry Band will take place to-night at Oro Fino Hall. This will be the formal opening of the most magnificent Hall north of San Francisco. The building taken in its interior is truly a credit to our city, and it is hoped the attendance will be large enough to give the ball a fair test of capacity. The ball will begin at 9½ o'clock. The band will arrive at Vancouver on the steamer *Summit Trump* this afternoon, and if the weather will permit, at 2 o'clock the Guard will appear in company drill on the streets of the city, accompanied by the band.

HIGH RISING.—The water yesterday stood twenty feet and one inch above low water mark, having raised 11 inches in 24 hours since noon on Monday, at this city.

The Snohomish of Monday says the Columbia at the mouth of the Cowlitz "appears as if it will soon start the rest-dents of Main street to haunt dry quarters. During last night and Sunday the water rose about six feet, and it is considered to be on Main street by yesterday. A repetition of the high water scenes of '62 are expected. All the business south of Portland are uncommonly swollen, and the telegraphic operator at Canyonville states that it rose all day yesterday, and had been for two weeks.

STEAMER ITEMS.—The schooner *Alfred Crosby*, Capt. Perkins, arrived at Victoria on the 18th, from this port, after a very wet passage.....The small pox is raging badly at Steilacoom and New Westminster, which will very greatly interfere with travel to Big Bend from California.—The steamer *Fidalizer* was receiving her machinery on the 18th, at Victoria. It was reported that she would run to Portland in connection with the steamer *Montana* to San Francisco, placing passenger and freight at a low rate to the latter. The *Fidalizer* will accommodate 50 passengers, and carry 175 tons freight.

THE STEAMER MARY MOODY.—It appears from private letter received in this city last evening that the steamer *Mary Moody* has been making daily trips on Pen d'Oreille Lake since the 15th inst., She leaves the lower end of the lake and lands passengers and freight on the east side of the Cabinet mountains, a distance of about 9 miles being navigated, and beyond which travelers have to use mountains to cross. Passengers can now reach Portland from the east side of Cabinet in three days. On first trip of the *Mary Moody* was made with 30 passengers, 35 animals, and ten tons of merchandise.

MR. MITCHELL'S PRESENCE.—A large and enthusiastic audience assembled at the Theater last evening to hear the speech of Hon. J. H. Mitchell. At the opening of the meeting the veteran soldiers of the war who were present were invited to seats upon the stage with the Chairman and a few old soldiers came forward and were greeted with loud cheers. Mr. Mitchell's speech was an unfettered and able one, and was well received by the audience. He gave a cheering account of the prospects of the Union party. A vast deal had been in his tour through the State.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—Justice Anderson yesterday held an inquest over the remains of a man—name unknown—found in the Willamette river near the head of Sauvie's Island on Sunday last, by a Mr. Reed. The body is supposed to have been in the water several weeks, and was thought to be that of a man who was missing about the middle of April last from a wood scow in the trade of this city. A verdict was rendered in accordance with the above.

THE SNAKE RIVER BUSINESS.—A letter dated at Olds' Ferry May 22d, furnishes an account of the first trip, or reservation, by the steamer *Cheshire*, Capt. Myrick, in the direction of Salt Lake. The highest point reached is supposed to have been within 100 miles of Salmon Falls. A good, open river was found most of that distance. The steamer is now making regular trips, twice a week, between Olds' Ferry and Owyhee crossing.

RAILWAY ITEMS.—Captain John Smith, the Agent at Warm Springs Indian Reservation, informs the Dalles *Mountaineer* that the crops look well on the Reservation, but the grasshoppers threaten to eat every thing up before harvest. Owing to this aspect of affairs, he has allowed the Indians to go to the fisheries on the Columbia to put up salmon for their winter's food.

BASE BALL.—A number of the young men of this city have formed a club of athletic sports, met on Monday evening last for the purpose of organizing a base ball club. A second meeting will be held on Saturday evening next to determine upon the plan of organization.

MAGAZINE TAKEN.—The powder house is now fairly surrounded with water. Looking at it from Stark street yesterday a friend, who is opposed to explosions, remarked that he would not like to have the powder house removed, but he does the water did move it he thought it would be a benefit to the city.

UNION CLUB TO-NIGHT.—The Union Club will be addressed to-night by Mr Clark, an old soldier. Some experiences of Andersonville prison life may be expected, other gentlemen will also speak, and as usual there will be good music.

UNION MEETING ON THURSDAY.—The voters of this county should remember that Hon. Gibbs and Col Haw-thorn will speak at the Theater at 1 o'clock on Thursday. These gentlemen have been making a most effective campaign of the State. Everybody ought to hear them.

THE SUN.—We have been requested to announce that Billy Wilson will be present at the dedication this evening—bringing with him a choice stock of "sundries for the honest man."

MACHINERY FOR SALE.—A set of good machinery, from the Vulcan Works at San Francisco, is offered for sale by Mr. M. L. McLean. See advertisement.

MILITARY gentlemen are expected to appear in uniform at the ball to be given at Oro Fino Hall this evening

Attention Company B, Washington Guard.—COMPANY ORDER No. 7.—You are hereby notified to appear at your Armory in full uniform, this day at 1 o'clock for parade. Prompt attention is expected.
May 30, 1866. CHAS S MILLS Capt

THE PLACE FOR PICURES.—It is by no to dispute the matter, the only place to get a good, true and artistic PICTURE of yourself is at FLEIS-NER & CARDWELL'S PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY 89 Front Street. The elegant specimens that daily emanate from their establishment command the admiration alike of artists and connoisseurs. Young children should be brought in the morning. Clear or cloudy weather makes no difference as to the quality of the picture.

DR. R. GLISAN,

Late of San Francisco, formerly U. S. Army, Office on Front street, between Washington and Alder. Residence, North Fifth street, between C and D, Portland, Oregon. oct26

DOCTORS

HOFFMANN & BLACH,

PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS AND ACCOUCHEURS

Office and Residence—Cor. Washington and Front streets, Patterson's Block, Portland, Oregon

A. J. HOFFMANN, M. D., late of Dallas, and formerly Physician of the County and German Hospital of Trinity County, California, will devote particular attention to DISEASES OF FEMALES and CHILDREN

CHAS. BLACH, M. D., late of New York, Member of the New York German Medical Society, will give particular attention to SURGERY. je27ddm

THE TEETH! THE TEETH!

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,

Having lately returned from San Francisco, would inform his friends and the public generally that he is now prepared to meet the demands for DENTAL WORK. All the Latest Improvements and Inventions in Dentistry will be found in his office and all operations in the Dental Art will be personally attended by Dr. C. As to his previous efforts he would respectfully refer to those ones that have already come under his management. ap1lbiff

WM. KOEHLER,

DENTIST.

OFFICE—AT THE OLD STAND on Morrison street, near the corner of Front—Western Hotel Building.

RESIDENCE—Bet Washington and Alder, on Sixth St.

Appreciating the most Liberal Patronage by my friends and the public generally, during my residence in this city I hope and take pleasure by diligent attention and skillful Treatment to see the same continued hereafter.
N. B.—To strangers I would say that a constantly increasing Dental Practice for the last 6 years in this city, will be a sufficient guarantee for them to receive a First-Class and Finished Piece of Work. Numerous testimonials to the same can be given at the Office.
Dental Consultation and Advice Free of Charge to all. mch7dtf

PREMIUM PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,

Cor. Front and Morrison Sts., Portland,

JOS. BUCHTEL, Proprietor and Operator.

His Photographic Work has taken the FIRST PREMIUM every year since the organization of the Oregon State Fairs. PICTURES IN EVERY STYLE OF THE ART, from the smallest Ring Picture to Double Life Size, if desired.
VIEWS AND OREGON SCENERY for sale
The Finest Collection of Birds and Animals on the coast are to be seen at his Rooms my3dlm

DOCTORS

CHAPMAN & WATKINS,

PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS AND ACCOUCHEURS,

Office—Cor. Washington and Front Sts.

J. A. CHAPMAN, M. D.
LATE OF NEW YORK AND Commissioned Surgeon in the U. S. Army.
RESIDENCE—East side of Third street, fronting on the Plaza, bet. Main and Madison streets.
Particular attention given to Surgery.

WM. H. WATKINS, M. D.
SURGEON FIRST OREGON Cavalry.
RESIDENCE—S E. cor. Taylor and Seventh streets.
DR. WATKINS, having received special instruction as to treatment of the EYE and EAR at the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, will give particular attention to diseases of those organs

Portland, Oregon, Nov. 4th 1864. dawtf

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATHS.

For the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MELODIAL AFFECTIONS. The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will Remove the severest Cold. Also,

Warm, Cold and Shower Baths.

Steam or Vapor Baths, $1 00. Warm Baths, 50 cents.
CHAS. F. WIEGAND, Proprietor,
Portsth's Brick,
Washington street, near Front,
se5.tf Portland, Oregon.

JAMES B. HARKER,

Wholesale Dealer in

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

IS NOW PREPARED TO OFFER TO THE TRADE the undermentioned articles, which have recently been purchased, at very Reduced Prices:

300 BBDS HEAVY GOLDEN SYRUP;
200 hf bbls YEL. C. SUGAR;
100 bbls. CRUSHED, do
100 hf bbls CRUSHED SUGAR;
200 hf bbls. CHOICE ISLAND SUGAR;
150 boxes BABBITT'S SALERATUS;
100 boxes CANDLES;
100 boxes CREAM TARTAR;
200 bags RIO and COSTA RICO COFFEE;
100 cases ASSORTED PIE FRUITS;
200 boxes PALE SOAP;
50 cases OYSTERS;
200 kegs ASSORTED NAILS;
50 half and whole bbls GOLDEN SYRUP.
50 boxes POWDERED SUGAR;
50 boxes GRANULATED SUGAR;
75 boxes CARD SODA;
200 gross MATCHES;
200 bags PINK and BAYOU BEANS;
100 chests ASSORTED TEAS;
100 boxes TOBACCOS;
50 boxes LAYER RAISINS;
100 boxes STARCH;
150 cases ASSORTED SPICES;
50 doz. BROOMS;
50 doz ASSORTED PAILS,
50 nests TUBS,
50 cases ASSORTED PICKLES,
50 kegs PICKLES;
50 kits MACKEREL;
50 cases CATSUP;
200 bags DAIRY SALT

All articles warranted of the very best quality, and will be offered to Dealers for Cash at San Francisco Prices and Freight.

JAMES B. HARKER,
Portland, May 20, 1866. 124 First Street dlptf

HURGREN & SHINDLER,

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

FURNITURE, BEDDING,

MIRRORS,

MOULDINGS,

PULU,

FEATHERS, SPRINGS, &c.

We are now receiving Large Additions to our Stock DIRECT FROM EASTERN MANUFACTURERS

WAREROOMS.—97 & 99 First St., bet. Washington & Alder

FACTORY.—Corner Salmon and First Sts., Portland. my23d3ptf

BREAR'S PATENT VALVELESS STEAM PUMP!

THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED TO RECEIVE orders for

Brear's Patent Valveless Steam Pump,

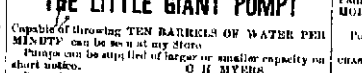
Having been appointed Agent by the Patentee for the sale of the right to use in Oregon and Washington Territory

THE LITTLE GIANT PUMP!

Capable of throwing TEN BARRELS OF WATER PER MINUTE can be seen at my Store

Pumps can be supplied of larger or smaller capacity on short notice.

O. H. MYERS,
Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting Establishment,
my25dlptf 110 First street, Portland



FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

PARLOR AND BED-ROOM,

WALL-PAPER, SHADES, CROCKERY, &C.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT

PRICES BELOW ALL COMPETITION.

J. LORVEA,
my25d3ptf Nos. 138 and 140 Front Street, Portland.

THREE MONTHS' PAY PROPER,

Due Officers of Volunteers.

SEE ACT OF CONGRESS, 3D MARCH, 1865.

SEC 4TH.—"And be it further enacted, that all Officers of Volunteers now in Commission, below the rank of Brigadier-General who shall continue in the Military service to the Close of the War, shall be entitled to receive upon being mustered out of service, "THREE MONTHS' PAY PROPER." Approved March 3, 1865.
For particulars, call on
O. M CARTER,
my22d3ptm Claim Agent, Portland.

Harmony Lodge, No. 13, F. & A. M.—Meets on 2d and 4th Mondays of each month, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W M

NOTICE.—C H MACK has removed his Dental Office to Washington Street, corner of Front, in Parrish's Block. ap24dlw3m

C. H. MACK,

DENTIST.

Assisted by J. H. HATCH, D. D. S., of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, late of San Francisco California. In addition to commendation that he is endorsed as a Dentist of Superior Skill and a Gentleman by Messrs R H McDONALD & CO., DR COLE, Dentist, and many others of San Francisco

The Patronage of those desiring FIRST CLASS and FINISHED OPERATIONS is particularly requested

OFFICE and LABORATORY—Washington Street, over Front, Parrish's Brick Building mh28 1tf

For Sale--To Let--Wants.

For Sale.

LOT ONE, WITH TWO HOUSES, on Second and Madison streets
Lots one and two, with two houses, in block 189, East half of lot five, on north side of Taylor street, between Third and Fourth,
Also, a good library and household furniture, &c
May 25 1866tf D RUELEIGH

For Sale.

A DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT, CORNER FIFTH and Ai ler streets
Also, five Burial parts of lots 6 and 7, being 100 feet on Fifth and 50 feet on Washington street
Inquire corner Fifth and Alder
my26dlptf D E BUCHANAN

For Sale.

A DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT IN COUCH'S Addition
Also, some IMPROVED LOTS Apply to
JOHN SELLWOOD,
Corner of Park and B Streets.
Portland February 7, 1866 dtf

NEW GOODS!

AND MORE COMING!

SILVER & FAIN,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE CITIzens of Portland and the country in general that

They have Removed to First Street

between Taylor and Yamhill Streets, to a New

FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING,

Where they have now received a large and well selected Stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES, &c.

And a nice lot of Late Styles of LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S HATS, where they will be Sold Low for Cash or Produce. Thankful for the patronage they have received from the citizens in general, they would be happy to have a continuation of the same.

Please call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere. Our Stock consists in part as follows:

PLAIN AND FIGURED DRESS GOODS,
LATE STYLES OF POPLINS AND LAWNS,
" " " AMERICAN PRINTS;
LARGE VARIETY OF FRENCH PRINTS;
PLAIN BLACK & SECOND MOURNING SHAWLS, DOUBLE and SINGLE;
LATE STYLES OF LADIES and MISSES' BALMORAL SKIRTS and HOOPS;
NEW STYLES OF BONNETS and RIBBONS;
ALEXANDER'S KID GLOVES (colored and white);
LADIES BELTING and BELT BUCKLES;
LATE STYLE OF LADIES COLLARS and SLEEVES, IN SETS;
CRAPE COLLARS WITH CUFFS, JACONET;
SWISS MUSLIN, NANSOOK MUSLIN;
BLACK DRESS SILK, BLACK LACE VEILS;
ORIENTEEN VEILS,
EMBROIDERED and HEM-STITCHED EDGES;

A Nice Assortment of

DRESS BUTTONS, FANCY BACK and SIDE COMBS, METALIC BACKS, RUFFLING, TAPE TRIMMING

A Late Arrival of

LADIES' PHILADELPHIA GAITERS, BY THE SIERRA NEVADA,

And a Large Variety of

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING IN SUITS,
UNDER-CLOTHING and WHITE SHIRTS;
Late Styles of
BOYS and YOUTHS' SUITS, MEN'S and BOYS' BOOTS.
Portland, May 22d, 1866. d3p wtf

THE MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY!

OF NEW YORK,

INCORPORATED..... 1843.

ASSETS, ALL CASH,

$15,000,000!

ANNUAL INCOME.. .....$4,000,000.
RECEIPTS FROM INTEREST ALONE.. $5,000,000.

Annual Cash Dividends.

THE ENTIRE PROFITS

Divided among the Assured ANNUALLY. Dividends can be used to pay Premiums or add to Policy, *at option of the Assured.*

Dividends Larger and Rates Lower than other Companies.

All Policies Non-Forfeitable.

EXAMPLES

OF POLICIES PAID BY THE COMPANY.

Orig'l Am't Policy	Dividend Additions	Total Am't Pd
$10,000	$6,926 00	$16,926 00
5,000	3,276 43	8,276 43
4,000	2,389 53	6,389 53
1,000	1,608 70	2,608 70

☞ APPLY TO

W. S. CALDWELL, Agent,
my16d3ptf 71 Front Street, Portland

Notice.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of HODGE & CALEF, is this day dissolved by mutual consent
Portland, May 1st, 1866. CHAS. HODGE,
CHAS. E CALEF

Co-Partnership.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY FORMED a copartnership for the continuance of the Drug, Paint and Oil Business, under the firm name and style of HODGE, CALEF & CO
CHAS HODGE,
CHAS E CALEF
GEO W SNELL.
Portland, May 1st, 1866.

CHAS HODGE CHAS E CALEF GEO W SNELL

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

DRUGS & MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS,

VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, ETC, ETC

AGENTS FOR

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

IN CALLING THE ATTENTION OF THE TRADE to the foregoing notice, we would remark that in present facilities, under the new style, combine to offer inducements to purchasers in our line unequaled in this State.

The connection of Mr. Geo. W. Snell, a former partner in the old established house of Patterson & Co., of San Francisco, is a additional guarantee that all orders entrusted to us will be well and faithfully executed, and at the lowest market rates.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,
my23d3mp 97 Front St., Portland

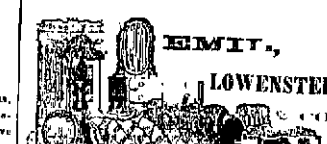
250 KEGS CUT NAILS—3d to 60d
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO

43 SETS BLACKSMITH TOOLS
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

PUTNAM & CO'S HORSE NAILS—6 d to 10 d.
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO'S.

Miscellaneous.

REMOVED.



EMIT., LOWENSTEIN & CO.,

TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING THEIR OLD friends and customers, as well as the public in general that they have

MOVED BACK TO THEIR OLD STAND,

On First Street, (between Yamhill and Taylor Sts.),

where they now occupy

THE NEW BRICK BUILDING!

which has just been completed. Their Stock has been increased and improved so that they are now offering the Largest Assortment of

FURNITURE,

BEDDING,

MIRRORS,

CARPETS,

OILCLOTHS,

MATTING,

WALL PAPER,

SHADES,

CURTAINS,

Etc., Etc.,

Ever offered in any one Establishment this side of San Francisco

We are ready to FURNISH HOTELS, STEAMBOATS, and PRIVATE HOUSES throughout. Parties will find it to their advantage to examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere

We constantly keep on hand a large assortment of CANE GOODS, PULU etc., to supply Dealers

EMIL LOWENSTEIN & CO.,
Nos. 135 137 and 139 First Street,
between Yamhill and Taylor Streets,
ap24d3ptf Portland, Oregon.

FERRY & FOSTER,

BROKERS!

REAL ESTATE AND COLLECTING

AGENTS,

No. 86 Front Street, Cor. of Washington,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, BONDS, and Real Estate bought and sold on Commission.
Portland May 8th, 1866 my10dlptf

L. T. SHULTZ,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

PIANOS, MELODEONS,

SHEET MUSIC,

MUSIC BOOKS,

GUITARS, FLUTES, PIPES, ACCORDEONS, STRINGS, AND ALL KINDS MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, STATIONERY AND FANCY GOODS,

No. 106 Front St., (between Morrison and Alder), PORTLAND, OREGON.

AGENT FOR JACOB ZECH'S PIANO FORTES, San Francisco, Cal., which received the Gold Medal over the celebrated Pianos from the East, in the last Fair, 1865.
Also Agent for ERNEST GABLER'S PIANO FORTES, New York, which won the greatest popularity in the East for sweetness and power in tone, durability in workmanship, and superior New scale, full Metallic Frame, Overstrung and French Grand action.
L. T. SHULTZ will have on assortment of those Superior Pianos always on hand, and can sell them for the Lowest Prices, as he imports them direct from the Manufactories.
NEW PIANOS for Rent or Sale by monthly payments.
Latest Music received every Steamer direct from the East
Pianos, Melodeons and all kinds of Musical Instruments Tuned and repaired.
L. T. SHULTZ recommends himself as a FIRST-CLASS TUNER, having been in the business over fifteen years, and is a musician ap24dlptf

G. VENARD,

CHARTRES COFFEE!

Manufactory Established in June, 1851.

STEAM POWER, NOS 635 AND 637 FRONT ST.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND GROUND AND ROASTED COFFEE, BIGERN COFFEE of the best qualities CREAM OF TARTAR and SPICES of all sorts

The undersigned, who has always enjoyed public confidence for the excellent quality of his Coffee neglects nothing to justify the good name acquired by his production, the sale of which daily increases. The acknowledged superiority of his merchandise, which commands here, and in the markets of the interior, a relatively higher price, excites the cupidity of some manufacturers, and every day he sees increasing the number of those who, by counterfeit or imitation of his mark, seek to deceive the public, pleading upon them their inferior productions for the genuine G. VENARD CHARTRES COFFEE. This fraud can deceive unjustly after trial, but only adds to the favorable opinion of it consumers, the very flattering though unwilling testimony of the counterfeiters. Nevertheless, buyers should be forewarned, and placed on their guard against this practice.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

Each package bears the signature of G. VENARD.

R. G. SNEATH,

Wholesale Grocer,

25 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND,

Has been appointed Agent for the Sale of VENARD'S COFFEE AND SPICES my14d3ptf

FEVER AND ACUE!
FEVER AND ACUE!

Dr. KING'S CELEBRATED

Army Ague Pills!

A Speedy and Never Failing Cure for

Fever & Ague and all Intermittent and Remittent Fevers.

THE ARMY AGUE PILLS ARE NOW THE MOST popular remedy for Fever and Ague in the Atlantic States, having been extensively used in the Army and Navy during the late war and proved to excel any remedy known for the above disorders.
Wholesale, Retail and Forwarding Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory
L. GROSS, DRUGGIST, FRONT ST., PORTLAND, and J. M. BUTE, Salem. All orders sent from the country to L. Gross, will receive prompt attention.
my14d3ptp

FLOUR! BACON! LARD!

STANDARD MILLS EXTRA SUPERFINE FLOUR;
STANDARD MILLS EXTRA SELF-RISING FLOUR;
ALBANY STEAM MILLS, MAGNOLIA, JEFFERSON, MONROE, and other Favorite Brands of FLOUR.

BACON, LARD, BUTTER,

and a general assortment of

Staple Groceries,

DRY GOODS & CLOTHING,

For Sale by the undersigned at the LOWEST MARKET RATES

ALLEN & LEWIS,
my7d3m 18, 20 and 22 North Front Street

J. SCHONFELD, R. BERGER, } San Francisco. B. LEDERBAUM, Portland

J. SCHONFELD & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

SEGARS AND TOBACCO, Pipes, Matches,

STATIONERY, CUTLERY AND YANKEE NOTIONS,

85 First Street, corner Washington,
or428 PORTLAND OREGON d3ptf

20.000 LBS IRON AXLES at 10c lb.
For sale by
L. J. NORTHRUP & CO

GARDEN HOES AND RAKES
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

100 KEGS WROUGHT BOATSPIKES—3 to 8 in.
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

WAGON, CARRIAGE & SEAT SPRINGS.
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO

ENGLISH, GERMAN, BLISTER, TOE-CORK AND RIVETED STEEL, for sale by
mch7d3w1m E. J. NORTHRUP & CO

Miscellaneous.

W. A. ALDRICH, ... J. C. MERRILL. .... JOHN M'CRAKEN

M'CRAKEN, MERRILL & CO.,

SHIPPING, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING

MERCHANTS.

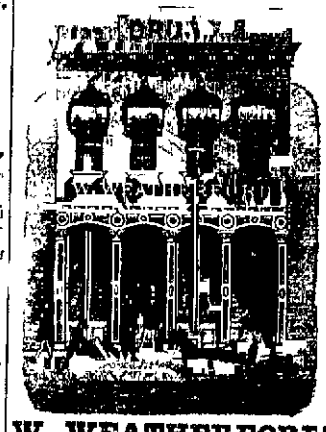
AGENTS OF THE CALIFORNIA, HAWAIIAN and OREGON PACIFIC LINES.
Importers of SAN QUENTIN and CARMEN ISLAND SALT. SANDWICH ISLAND SUGARS, COFFEE, RICE, and HIDES.
Agents for PROCTOR & CO'S Preserved Fruits, Vegetables Pickles and Vinegar.
Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, BACON, LARD & FRUIT, LIME, CEMENT and PLASTER
Will attend to the Purchase, Sale or Shipment of Merchandise or Produce in New York, San Francisco, Honolulu or Portland ALDRICH, MERRILL & CO.,
Nos 204 and 206 California Street,
San Francisco.
McCRAKEN, MERRILL & CO.,
mch24dtf 16 North Front Street, Portland.

SUGAR! COFFEE! RICE!

EX BARK A. A. ELDRIDGE, FROM SANDWICH Islands Direct—
3,000 Kegs SUGAR, of various grades;
500 bags KONA COFFEE;
500 bags HAWAIIAN RICE—an excellent article.
ap6d2m By McCRAKEN, MERRILL & CO

FURS, WOOL AND HIDES.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR
FURS, WOOL AND HIDES, at
mch24dtm McCRAKEN, MERRILL & CO.'S



W. WEATHERFORD!

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, ALCOLOL, COAL OIL, TURPENTINE, VARNISHES, COLORS, BRUSHES, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, PATENT MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, FANCY GOODS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, &c.

We respectfully call the attention of the Trade to our Well-Selected Stock, and those dealing anything in our line, WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, will do well to give us a call.

NO. 130 FRONT STREET.
PORTLAND, OREGON.
may3d3ptf W. WEATHERFORD.

NEW DRUG STORE.

L. GROSS,

Wholesale and Retail

DRUGGIST,

Front Street, (between the What Cheer and New Columbian Hotels,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the public that his Store is now open, and offers for sale in quantities to suit, at the Lowest Rates, a general assortment of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,
LEECHES,
PATENT MEDICINES
PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISHES, GLASS,
BRUSHES, PAINTERS' MATERIALS
FINE PERFUMERY,
FANCY GOODS,
TOILET WARE,
HAIR AND TOOTH BRUSHES,
FINE WOSTENHOLM'S CUTLERY,
FISHING TACKLE, &c., &c.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded by an experienced Druggist and Chemist, and put up at all hours of the night.

Orders from the country solicited and prompt attention guaranteed.
jy5ldtf L. GROSS.

SHANAHAN & DUPRIENE,

AGENTS FOR WM H BRADBURY'S
CELEBRATED NEW SCALE **PIANO FORTES!**
AND DEALERS IN
Musical Instruments, Sheet Music,
Pictures and Picture Frames,
ROSEWOOD, GILT & WALNUT MOLDINGS,
Corner of First and Morrison Streets,
(opposite the Western Hotel),
PORTLAND, OREGON

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FRAMING PHOTOGRAPH ENGRAVINGS, &c.
PIANOS FOR RENT.
Mr. SHANAHAN, formerly of A. Kohler's Musical Establishment, San Francisco, will attend to Tuning and Repairing Pianos, Melodeons, and all kinds of Musical Instruments.
Portland, April 1, 1866 d3ptf

CHARLES BERNARD,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

FAMILY CHARTRES COFFEE,

AND SPICES OF ALL KINDS,

No. 707 Sansome Street, corner of Gold,

BETWEEN JACKSON AND PACIFIC STREETS,

SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRST PREMIUM AWARDED

BY THE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE

FOR BEST COFFEE AND SPICES.

The proprietor having introduced Steam Power in his Manufactory, has now increased facilities to supply the trade and the public in general. All orders from his establishment are guaranteed to be pure and unadulterated. The public are respectfully invited to call and convince themselves.
Country orders promptly attended to

SELLER, FRANKENAU & CO.,
mch24d3 a Sole Agents

FRANCIS BELLAY,

ARTIST!

PHOTOGRAPHS RETOUCHED IN OIL, WATER Colors, India Ink, and Pastell, in the Best Style of the Art. All Pictures guaranteed to suit the most fastidious or no charge made
STUDIO—Over SHANAHAN & DUPRENE'S PICTURE STORE, corner of First and Morrison Sts. opposite Western Hotel, Portland, Oregon my31d3ptf

Claims on the United States,

PENSIONS, PATENTS PRIZE MONEY, BOUNTIES, Pay for Vouchers, Scrip, Back Pay, Lost Bonds, Spoliation and other Claims obtained by
C. M. CARTER,
Office No. 1, (up-stairs), Carter's Block, Portland
N. B.—He will attend to all other business before the Departments at Washington City, and collect all demands on any State my3d6tf

Miscellaneous.

Already Elected by 10,000 Majority!

KOHN & FISHEL,

OF THE

ST. LOUIS STORE,

No. 111 Front Street,

HAVE BEEN ELECTED FOR SELLING THE BEST

CLOTHING,

WHITE SHIRTS,
FANCY OVER SHIRTS,
BLUE FLANNEL SUITS,
BLANKETS,
HATS AND CAPS,

And Everything for Gents' Wear.

Also, a Complete Stock of

LADIES', GENTS' AND CHILDRENS' BOOTS AND SHOES,

Fancy and Staple

DRY GOODS,

CHEAPER THAN ANY HOUSE IN TOWN.

Our Goods are of Superior Quality, and of the Latest Style. Call and examine our Goods, as we are always willing to show you our stock.

KOHN & FISHEL,
St. Louis Store,
ap16d3ptf No. 111 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

S. SHERLOCK & CO.,

52 Front Street, Portland,

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF

SADDLERY HARDWARE!

Saddles, Bridles, Whips,

DOUBLE AND SINGLE BUGGY-HARNESS, Express and Dray Harness, Mule Harness, Team Collars,

HILLS' CONCORD STAGE HARNESS!

Harness Leather,

SKIRTING, APPARAJO AND BRIDLE LEATHER, HITES' CAL TREES, ENAMELLED BUCKING,

Sheepskins, Stage Lashes, Whalebone Skills, &c.

We invite the inspection of Purchasers to OUR OWN MAKE OF CONCORD STYLE OF STAGE HARNESS, made of the Best Quality of Santa Cruz Leather, with Genuine Concord Names and Trimmings.
A Large and Well-Assorted Stock constantly on hand.
ap26d3ptm

SPRING MEDICINE

FOR

THE BLOOD!

LE DOYEN'S

SARSAPARILLA YELLOW DOCK

IODINE ALTERATIVE.

PURIFY the LIFE BLOOD.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
dawly6d

THOS. TAYLOR & CO.

Successors to J. G. FRISCH & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES AND LIQUORS

413 and 415 Clay Street,

SAN FRANCISC

Speech of Hon. W. W. Upton.

DELIVERED BEFORE THE MULTNOMAH UNION CLUB, ON MONDAY EVENING, MAY 28, 1866.

Fellow Citizens — In the canvass the field is contested by two parties so distinctly analyzed, both in their principles and principles, as to leave no middle ground. During the contest of arms from which the nation is just emerging all such parties has been in the political field, and boldly contested the same great political questions upon which the contending armies rallied and were placed in the field, and each has by its action made up the record of the opinions and principles for which it contends. That record is not only found in platforms public speeches the annals and statutes, and the daily history spread chronicled by the press, but is to-day in the memory of people who, in their several spheres have been acting in the stirring events that mark the period. The conduct of the people to settle the great principle of constitutional construction involved in the contest, by their participation of the action of the one party or the other.

The plain work of the current is an examination of the record each party has made regarding the great political contest that called the nation to arms. Our nation's history shows that whenever new questions arise and great responsibility is thrown on the administration, the result of the general election is that follows is always made and taken in history as a verdict of the people approving or disapproving the acts of those who have conducted public affairs, and by this means a free people stamp the final decision of approval or disapproval on the construction given to the constitution by those upon whom the responsibility of deciding a political question is thrown. So that each recurring election by a final judgment of the people upon some controverted principle of free government. In the coming election the people will pass such final judgment upon the principles and acts of the national government has the rightful authority to prevent secession by force of arms, or whether each State may for itself "judge of the mode and measure" of redress for real or supposed grievances, and has the right to withdraw from the Union at pleasure. The Democracy ask the country to support a State ticket composed of men who have been actively and outrageously slandering and raising against the right of the government to use force. The party during the whole war, in their platforms in their speeches, at all times and in all ways and places, denounced coercion, and opposed the war. They now come into the canvass with their most violent opponents of the war for standard bearers. A vote for their ticket is a vote in condemnation of the principle that the government has the right to crush the rebellion. And should they succeed, they would claim their success as a verdict of such condemnation.

Could the Democratic party obtain a majority of the popular vote, no matter by what artifices or on what pretexts, they would claim as the popular verdict in favor of the cause they have pursued during the war. They would point to their State rights platforms, their anti coercion speeches, and the denunciation of the measures of the Union party with which their press has been loaded during the war, and above all to their record of the men they have nominated, and history would be compelled to record that the defenders of the nation were condemned by the people's verdict.

One of these parties must come nearly as odd as our government, and history shows and the people of the United States know, that its component parts first began to concentrate from the debris of the two parties after the dissolution of the old Whig party, and the present organization first took the field as a political party at, and immediately upon the breaking up of the old Democratic party at the Charleston convention in 1860.

The formation of the other party was caused by the rebellion. It sprang into existence at the storm heralded by the din of arms. Its formation commenced from that hour when Calhoun's doctrine of independent State sovereignty, had ripened into open treason, and the dark conspiracy that had rendered for thirty years beneath the surface burst upon the world in a blaze of civil war. At that crisis men of all political parties who loved country better than party, rallied at the call of patriotism. Old party lines were disregarded and destroyed, and true men followed no guide but their sense of duty. The spontaneous action of the people, without prior concert, formed the organization that has since been known as the Union party—that party to whose record we now point and whose history we now ask you to examine. The incoming administration was without experience and with an empty treasury. The public stores and munitions of war were for the most part in the hands of the enemy and our navy purposely scattered to distant ports. Every effort had been made by the leaders of the party recently in power to paralyze the arm of the nation. That was a time that tried men, and proved upon what principles their political faith was founded.

The struggle that came was long and terrible, and no eye but that of God could see the result. In that struggle was involved the last great problem of man's ability for self government, and on issue that is settled forever. We had before demonstrated our ability to cope with external foes. The world had already learned by our experiment, and acknowledged that a free people acting in concert, need have no fear of foreign aggression. But it was left for this bloody encounter to determine whether *constitutional majorities have the vital power of self-preservation.* The advocates of monarchy had persistently asserted that the minority being in power could, by advantage of position, by strategy and skill, obstruct the majority and wrest their victory from them whenever designing men should skillfully make the attempt. That issue slander on man's intelligence was the great hope of the rebellion. Its overthrow by the last triumphs of the principles of free government is a step forward in civilization that will never be retraced.

We cannot neither fairly or intelligibly deal with the questions presented without looking at the war and considering its cause and the issues involved in, and settled by it. We may talk of a thousand side issues and collateral matters, but we cannot fail to see that the great question to be determined by the war, was, whether we as a people under our constitutional government, as a nation, possessed the power of self-preservation. Its framers had sought to clothe the nation with that power. They believed they had succeeded in doing so. But the president and cabinet when the slave interest rushed to treason to arms against the decision of the majority, expressed in a constitutional manner. The real question presented in the appeal to arms was whether the will of the majority constitutionally expressed should be the effective decision of the nation.

This is a principle that lies at the very foundation of self government, without which government by the people cannot exist, and it was contested with the terrible energy and tenacity known only to the Anglo-Saxon race.

It enlisted the anxious sympathies of every man within our borders. The magnitude of the issue and the fierceness of the strife left no middle ground. It left no indifferent spectator or neutral man. Every man favored one side or the other. It would be something less than a man that could be passive in that contest. Thousands had been drawn into the vortex of rebellion by the false teachings and sophistries of Calhoun's doctrine of independent State sovereignty—a doctrine that had been fostered for thirty years for political and party ends. Thousands were took counsel of their fears, and to avoid the terrible conflict, were willing to abandon our national Union, willing to give up our national existence, and let the proud American flag sink into lasting party confederacies. Still other thousands in their ignorance or prejudice were deceived and misled by party names, and the impositions practiced upon them. But the great mass of the American citizens, true to their instincts and the teachings of the fathers of our republic, adhering to the principles of free government, stood firm and faced the storm of frenzied treason, until lawless usurpation was crushed, and the power as well as the right of constitutional authorities was vindicated. Now that the war is over the same men who took part in it on either side, are in the country still, and they take sides upon the questions presented to us in the coming election. Though conquered, the advocates of secession have not disbanded, much less repented. They now propose to go as a party to the polls and try by their united action to obtain power. We are about to elect officers who are to be charged with aiding in the restoration of the country to the condition befitting peace, and in the safety secured by the war, and establishing order, equality and civil government throughout every part of the Union.

The great and important question in the canvass is—shall the prosecution of the war be endorsed, or shall it be condemned. Is it better to intrust the country's destiny to men who labored for the Union, and sustained those who fought for and maintained the Union, or to entrust it to those who gave their consent to the abandonment of our national existence rather than meet the issue that was thrust upon us by their own party?

Man seeks to avoid this plain proposition and drag in side issues about ways and means, and measures and men. But for every man's reason answer whether this is not the first and permanent question involved.

It is not necessary for me to say that all democrats are not traitors—by the word secessionists I mean those who condemned coercion. It is enough for the purpose to say, that no truthful man will or can deny, that all secessionists act with the democratic party and are part and parcel of it. The most democratic party can make no merit or respectable show of numbers without them, and cannot avoid being influenced—yes, controlled by them. Secession endeavors to wear the lion's skin and to steal the name of democracy. Their champions in this canvass ignore all recollection of their position during the war. They avoid the question their party discussed during the war. They tell us no more of its unconstitutionality. They no longer counsel resistance to the draft or denounce it as illegal or impossible, nor harangue rebels on the "divine right of secession." But, they still adhere to their organization as a party. To this end they have nominated as State officers the men who were most active and rancorous in opposing the war, and every effort made for the country's defense. And they ask the people to give that opposition their endorsement and approval at the polls.

They no longer call us "Lincoln's hirelings" and "mercenary butchers," but the party and the men that buried those slanders upon our soldiers from every stump and pointed hatred and defiance of the government from the press all through the war, now seek to bury their record and deny the past, and they ask the friends and defenders of the Union to falsify and condemn the heroism that has borne the country triumphantly through the fiery ordeal of rebellion.

To avoid talking and thinking of the disgraceful record, the party has made in justification of secession and defense of treason, proffers of devotion to the cause they assailed and vilified, and talk incessantly of certain details of policy, and minor issues that have arisen among Union men, and seek to install themselves as champions of sentiments and opinions which the support of secessionists would disgrace.

Without forgetting that a vote for a defender of the "divine right of secession" is a verdict in condemnation of the war, let us examine the minor issues that men seek to drag in to distract the Union party and place the opponents of the war in power. I will attempt to show that they all relate to ways and means and measures. They are questions not of principles, but of expediency, and of policy. Union men are all agreed in matters of principle. All favor the recognition of the States and their restoration to the exercise of all their functions, as soon as it can be done with safety to the whole Union. No *United States* favors it sooner. The only difference among Union men on the subject, is a matter of opinion as to *how soon* it can be done with safety. A difference of opinion on a matter of fact depending upon evidence and information, and not upon principle. No principles involved in it. If it was proposed to disregard the question of safety. If one claims that representation should be immediate whether safe or not, and that the question of safety is the country's paramount consideration, the disagreement would be one of principle. The difference among Union men on this subject, are differences of opinion as to the condition of the country and the people as to the state of public sentiment in the South, as to *when* it can be safely done. Union men may differ as to which is a matter of fact, the spirit of rebellion is subdued. Whether adequate protection is still necessary at various points. Whether Confederate officers and soldiers would now, if made members of Congress, be true to the country. Union men will undoubtedly differ on many other matters of fact depending on the sources of their information. But these matters do not involve principle. Union men all seek the same end and hold to the same principles on every important matter that is before the country. They all believe the safety of the Republic has paramount consideration. Shall the defenders of a free Government—those who revere the free institutions that have raised us as individuals and as a nation to the highest standard yet attained in civilization. Shall they imperil those institutions for a difference of opinion on mere measures? The Union party of Oregon say they will not, and they have my most hearty approval.

In savage life men instinctively place their trust in leaders whom they follow with blind obedience. But that is not the American idea of government. It is to that intelligent discernment appeal which they present to us in the President Johnson.

I am no man's worshipper. I never was taught that sort of idolatry. I may, and I trust do admire a great and good man. I admire him for his greatness and goodness and am proud to sustain him in it. But if I see him wandering away from correct principles or following unwise counsels, I am not for him go on his own responsibility and at his own account. The American people are accustomed to think and judge for themselves, and no man is fit for government who puts his faith in another or fails to judge for himself. No matter how much we may honor the past of any man, if ambition or passion shall lead him to abandon the course he has pursued through a long and useful life, his greatness shall not shield us after him in a course we know to be wrong.

Several times and in war as we are to fight it out on this line if it took all summer. It did take all summer and the fall and all the winter, but he still fought it out on that line. If he had faltered himself to the skirts of some great light in the act of war, he would have fought on both sides of him and would many have fought it out all the same. The intelligence of the people must settle this question. Shall we all re distract and all divisions to strip us of peace, and surrender the restoration of the country to the men and the influences that fought through those bloody fights to destroy it? Now that the battles have been won should we buy cable our manhood and put in hand with the principles how say to the Knights of the Southern Confederacy, Gentlemen, have a fair and next to arrange these matters for us. Shall we let old party names or associations, or prejudices blind us to our true interests and the duties we owe to the country and to those who fought for it? The Union party of Oregon say emphatically no.

We have known that the first and all important point is that our delegated agents should be men true to the Union. If we shall we know who are Union men? Is it by platforms and present professions, or by the sentiments they entertained and the record they made while the Union was struggling for existence? If the candidates of the Democratic party in this State claim to be for the Union, let us see what they stood when Union men were elected to die. When every patriot threw his influence in favor of the nation where were they? What kind of speeches, public and private was Mr Fay making then? What record was Mr O'Meara writing up for himself at that time? What Union editor Union influence did Mr. Kelly cast at that time? Where were the Lanes? How do professions of being Union lovers comport with their acts and with the feelings of the party whose support they ask? If to-day what votes will elect them, what influences control their decisions? Is there a sympathizer with secession in this State that will not vote that ticket? A short time ago there were men all over our State who cursed our flag and our nation, who rejoiced over Union defeats and Confederate victories. If the Democracy have really nominated Union men, why will these men vote for the ticket and work for the ticket? Not because it is called Democratic, for at Charleston in 1860, rather than contribute to the success of the Democratic party they purposely split that party into fragments. They shivered and destroyed it for the purpose of dissolving the Union. They were willing and anxious to annihilate the Democratic party solely because they thought that such party success would result in a separate civil war. From that day they said they preferred Lincoln's election to that of Douglas, *because* if Lincoln was elected they could consummate a dissolution. For the purpose of dissolution, contrary to honor and all principle of fair dealing, the minority of that party then drew out and severed itself forever from the old Democratic party, for the purpose of uniting war upon the best government the sun ever shone upon. They drew out, and left the entire native Democrats who had stood by them and defended and sustained them at least in all their constitutional rights and all their lawful claims, year after—left them out in the cold—in hopeless minorities—when they had it in their power by taking back their party and true to the Union, to carry everything before them. And when in a few months this bolting wing of the old Democratic party organized open rebellion, the remnant of that shattered and broken party, called the Douglas wing, who were not to be intimidated by threats or swindled by secessionists, rallied to the support of the country, and from that day became pure and purged of the now and glorious party that met and conquered treason. The most of these are in the Union party now and have no sympathy with the so-called Democratic party of to-day.

At the close of the contest of arms, the present Democratic party lay prone and vanquished, but despair is to bitter to be endured without solace, the old leaven still rankled in their hearts and their leaders again take the field and exclaim in the language of the great antitype of treason:

"What though the field be lost,
All is not lost!"

"Awake! Arise or be for ever fallen."

With the cunning of despair they claim that the armies that vanquished them were made up of their own sort. That these Union soldiers who broke their connection with the old Democratic party at its dismemberment in 1860 are of the same party with the so-called Democrats of to-day.

In his last public speech, Stephen A. Douglas declared before assembled thousands: "I protest my sincere conviction before God that it is the duty of every American patriot to rally around the constitution and the flag of his country." "Whoever is not prepared to sacrifice party organization and platforms on the altar of his country, does not deserve the countenance and support of honest people." The soldiers that went into battle many with hearts warmed by the eloquence of that noble patriot can not be counted with the Democrats of to-day.

The Democracy never took expedients. At the Chicago Convention, after declaring the war a failure and commending cessation of hostilities and an abandonment of the defense of our institutions, they had the shameless cunning to nominate the discarded military hero of Chickahominy, in hope of inciting insurrection in the army. And some true Union men were deluded into voting with those who denounced the war, that the artifice was too transparent to deceive the mass of the Union wing of the old Democratic party.

What reason have the Douglas men to desert and vote with those who treated them with such injustice and base ingratitude, and that, too, for the sake of destroying what Douglas and every true supporter of his held most sacred. That wing of the old Democratic party were ever true to the Union; they will never give comfort to its enemies, nor by their votes assist in pronouncing a verdict in condemnation of the war waged in defense of our national existence.

The same class of men who treated Douglas and his friends thus now claim to be the special friends and supporters of Johnson. If Johnson shall accept of the idolatry and yield to their flatteries, they will lead him to an infamy as deep as that in which they buried Buchanan. Because Johnson has done some things that accord in correctness with the opinions of a large portion of Union men, they hope to distract us by chaining to support the chief magistrate we elected. What portion of the so-called Democracy sustain Johnson? And what portion, of his many acts, done since the commencement of the rebellion, do any of them sustain? We cannot well forget where and when stood, nor where the mass of that party and its leaders stood, while 300,000 Union soldiers were being slaughtered. It is only a little more than a year since hostilities ceased. This generation must pass away before their attitude toward the Union will be forgotten. The children of those 300,000 soldiers must pass away first. What is there in common between John's acts, taken as a whole, and even that subtler type of their so-called Democracy who called themselves peace men, declared the war unconstitutional, and preferred consenting to a dissolution of the Union, to a vigorous prosecution of the war. All through that sanguinary struggle, their orthodox creed with Johnson's not every act. Johnson held the war constitutional and urged its vigorous prosecution; they the reverse. He held that States could not go out of the Union without violating the Constitution; they held that States could go out—did go out—and could not, and ought not to be compelled either to remain to, or return to the Union. Johnson holds that traitors cannot and ought not to be representation in Congress; they hold that traitors can and ought to be admitted and that there is no power to prevent it. Johnson holds to qualified negro suffrage; they profess to charge us with favoring it. I said there was no middle ground during that long terrible struggle for the nation's life. Every American, whether true or false to his early teachings; every American, whether a traitor in heart and in deed or thoroughly satisfied one way or the other. It was, as foretold by Stephen A. Douglas in his last speech when he said; *"There can be but two sides to the controversy. Every man must be on the side of the United States or against it."*

No man that claimed the American name was indifferent or neutral. It drew into its vortex the anxious expectations and sympathies of all, and its death-dealing blows carried mourning into almost every family and home in the land. Every man in his own heart either ranged himself on the side that fought for the Union, or was in deep sympathy with those who menaced it. They carried that sympathy to the battle-field, they now carry it to the polls. The rebellion had its friends, who received the plaudits and political support of all those who opposed the prosecution of the war. Those leaders were of the same class of men who divided, wrecked and destroyed the old Democratic party. All through the war those who sympathized with the rebellion, associated and co-operated as a political party. They are the same men and the same party still. The record of their principles and acts during the war is made up and it can never be obliterated. True Union men can never affiliate with that party or endorse that record. Party issues are of but little consequence, but party principles and party action rules the world and writes its history.

What kind of a history will the so-called Democratic party of Oregon writing for itself during the terrific struggle so recently terminated? Defiance to the government, hatred of the Union and justification of traitors poured from the mouths of public speakers, teemed from the press and was the theme and topic of their private conversations. Is there a voter in Oregon that did not hear it?

Now this same party and these same men proffer themselves as the men and the party to reconstruct the nation's edifice. Perhaps they hold that those who have been most active in pulling down, know best how to reconstruct. Those who fought the Union forces know best how to support it. President Johnson and Wm. H. Seward are together on all the questions demanding new legislation. If they claim to be Johnsonians, they have Wm. H. Seward as their prophet and their orators quote him with unction. Perhaps they have forgotten the anathemas they poured upon him daily for more than twenty years, and how they lauded him with unspeakable hatred. What sentiments, opinions or feelings have they in common with him? When he looked down into the depths of the secession conspiracy and foretold the "irrepressible conflict" they smothed their teeth upon him.

Have not the leaders of the so-called Democracy sympathized with secession? Sent their sons to fight the battles of treason? What was the tone pervading when Andrew Johnson stood up in all his manhood amid the threats and maledictions of the same class of men in his own State. Whatever he has done since in those terrible days he breasted the storm in the face of overwhelming numbers and fought his way through them to his present position. Have these men radically changed their political sentiments? Or has Johnson become one of them? If it be possible that Johnson has become one of them, the world may well say: "How art thou fallen, O Lucifer! son of the morning?"

[To be Concluded To-morrow.]

HOW NATURAL, AND YET HOW AGREEABLE it is to rest the comforts of a good bed to rest his or her weary limbs upon, and I can say from experience that there is no style of bed that compares with the MORLTON SPRING BED BOTTOM, BROMLEY'S PATENT for Health and Comfort Durability and Cheapness, can be alike had to any before and does not get out of order. The sale of this bed bottom can be seen at HENDEE & PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY and every retailer for all that may wish to purchase. Also, the full size and in working order can be seen and had on short notice at Mr. Wilcox's Furniture Store, on Front street, near the bridge. Price—Double-bed $10, Single-bed $7

Mr. Hendee will take by his New Invention Head Pictures for $3 00 per dozen. Will be at his Rooms from 9 A M to 4 P M. my9dlm

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing in Portland between ASA and J. B. HARKER, under the firm name of HARKER BROTHERS, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st instant. J. B. HARKER having purchased the interest of ASA HARKER will continue the business at the old stand on Front street.

Either party is authorized to sign in liquidation.

Portland, May 7, 1866. ASA HARKER,
my9d1t J. B. HARKER.

JOHN B. MILLER,

PRACTICAL

WATCHMAKER,

108 Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON

I WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE citizens of Portland and the interior towns, and the country in general, that I have returned to this city and have opened my NEW STORE with a

Very Extensive and Well-Selected Assortment of

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

from the most Celebrated Makers,

CLOCKS OF VARIOUS STYLES,

DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, AND SILVER WARE,

All of the Latest and Most Desirable Fashions.

Particular attention given to CLEANING AND REPAIRING FINE WATCHES, and satisfaction guaranteed. Watches and Jewelry of every description repaired at short notice.

October 13, 1865. JOHN B. MILLER.

REMOVED.

STEWART & COURLEY,

HAVE REMOVED TO HARKER'S OLD STAND, NO 123 FRONT STREET,

Where they will continue to sell

THEIR LARGE AND EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

JEWELRY, CLOCKS!

AND SILVER WARE

AT COST!

For the Next Sixty Days.

Look to your interests and come early to secure Bargains

my7d1tf STEWART & COURLEY,
123 Front Street Portland, Oregon

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES!

THE SINGER LETTER A

Transverse Shuttle Family Machines.

WITH RECENT IMPROVEMENTS FOR

Hemming, Felling,
Tucking, Gathering,
Binding, Cording,
Quilting, Braiding, &c.

ARE UNRIVALLED FOR FAMILY AND LIGHT Manufacturing purposes. We invite the special attention of persons engaged in the making of Ladies' Dresses, Cloaks, Gaiters, etc., to these machines.

SINGER'S STANDARD

MANUFACTURING MACHINES,

For Tailoring, Boot and Shoe Making, Harness and Carriage Trimming, are the CHEAPEST, BEST AND ONLY MACHINES worthy of patronage for general purposes.

BRAIDING NEATLY EXECUTED. BRAIDING STAMPS for sale

ap11d4ptf WM. CHURCH,
No. 144 Front Street

PORTLAND PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 110 First Street.

ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM the East—

Cooking Ranges,
Hot Water Boilers,
Copper, Tin and Planished Bath Tubs;
Square and angular Black Walnut Counter-Sunk
Marble Wash Stands;
Cold, and Hot and Cold WATER SHOWERS;
SILVER-PLATED BASIN COCKS;
MARBLE WASH-BASINS;
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS;
HYDRAULIC RAMS;
NON-FREEZING HYDRANTS;
WATER CLOSETS, &c, &c.

☞ Persons wishing to introduce Cold, or Hot and Cold Water into their premises, either Plain or Ornamental, would do well to give me a call.

Portland, April 6d, 1866. C. H. MYERS.

ENGINEERS AND OTHERS, Take Notice.

JUST RECEIVED, A SMALL LOT OF THE CELEbrated SCOTCH TUBES for Water Gauges

Also, the Largest Stock ever offered before in this city of all sizes WROUGHT IRON PIPES from ⅛ to 4 inch inside diameter; BRASS COCKS, TEE, ELBOWS, RETURN BENDS, NIPPLES, BUSHINGS, &c.

Constantly on hand, STEAM WHISTLES, STEAM GUAGES, WATER GUAGES, GOVERNOR and STOP VALVES, THROTTLE, ANGLE and CHECK VALVES, GUAGE COCKS, AIR COCKS, and all kinds of

BRASS WORK,

FOR STEAM, WATER, AND GAS.

☞ Persons wishing any thing in the above line, will do well to examine and price my stock before sending to San Francisco. C. H. MYERS,
Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting Establishment,
ap3dtf No. 110, First Street, Portland.

CITY BAKERY AND Provision Store.

R. PITTOCK,

NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,

Opposite Lower Steamship Landing

and Corner First and Morrison Streets,

Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of

BREAD,

Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda

CRACKERS,

PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.

and all kinds of

STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,

Family Groceries,

FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.

☞ Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.

☞ The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

OREGON BAKERY! AND FAMILY GROCERY STORE!

OPITZ & GREEN,

(Successors to Opitz & Sharff,)

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE PUBLIC that they will continue business at the old stand of the

OREGON BAKERY,

Corner of First and Washington Sts., Portland,

Where they will be pleased to see the former patrons of that Establishment and as many new ones as may wish to give them a call.

Constantly on hand the very Choicest articles of FRESH BUTTER, EGGS and every variety of

Family Groceries, Provisions, &c.,

at the Lowest Market Prices.

CRACKERS!

The attention of the Trade is called to the fact that CRACKERS of all kinds, including SODA, BUTTER, PICNIC, SUGAR, and PENNY LUNCH—as well as PILOT BREAD, may be obtained at the OREGON BAKERY at rates BELOW SAN FRANCISCO COST

Portland, March 30th, 1866

dtf OPITZ & GREEN.

C. W. COOL, DENTIST,

Office—In Carter's Building, (near Post Office),

FRONT STREET, PORTLAND.

THOSE WHO DESIRE FIRST-CLASS WORK done are particularly requested to give him a call

All Operations WARRANTED NOT TO BE EXCELLED by any Operator on the Pacific Coast

All Work will be done at NEW YORK PRICES

March 1st, 1866. dtf

Union Market,

MANN, HILL & CO., Proprietors.

WILL ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND, the Best of *MEATS OF ALL VARIETIES*, and other articles in their line WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Union Market,

South-West Corner of Washington and Second Sts., and

A Liberal Share of Patronage is solicited, as we expect to keep as good an assortment of meat of as good quality as the country affords, and will deliver the same to purchasers in all parts of the city.

☞ Rosser Meat constantly on hand.

Portland, March 6th, 1866, dtf

Empire Market.

Corner Washington and First Sts., and

Pacific Market,

No. 3, Couch's Addition.

I WILL KEEP ON HAND all the varieties of FRESH AND CURED MEATS that the market affords, for sale at either of the above Markets, at Wholesale or Retail.

Give me a call, one and all, and we will try to make you all satisfied. (ja14dtf) A. H. JOHNSON,

HUBS SPOKES, RIMS, HICKORY AXLES, &c. Just received from New York by

E. J. NORTHRUP & CO

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE in the State. For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

City and County Notices.

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Common Council of the City of Portland, as authorized by an Act passed at the Special Session of the Legislature of the State of Oregon, and approved Dec 16th, 1865, entitled "An Act to authorize the City of Portland to open, lay out, and widen streets and alleys, and to appropriate private property therefor," proposes to extend North Tenth street, Tenth's Addition to the City of Portland southerly through a tract of land owned by P. Raleigh, to the north line of Stark street. The proposed extension of North Tenth street will be sixty (60) feet wide, and will occupy one hundred and sixty four thousandths (164-1000) of an acre P. Raleigh's land.

In compliance with the provisions of section 3d of said Act, the said Common Council have appointed Josiah Failing A H Johnson, and W S. Ladd to view such proposed extension of North Tenth street and make an assessment of damages and benefits arising therefrom, and have designated Wednesday, May 30th at 10 o'clock A M as the time, and the Common Council Chamber as the place of meeting of said viewers.

Published by order of the Common Council.

H. R. MEEKER,
Auditor and Clerk,
Of the City of Portland

Portland, May 25th, 1866. d5t

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Common Council of the City of Portland, as authorized by an Act passed at the Special Session of the Legislature of Oregon, and approved Dec 16th, 1865, entitled "An Act to authorize the City of Portland to open, lay out, and widen streets and alleys, and to appropriate private property therefor," proposes to extend North Ninth street in Couch's Addition to the City of Portland, southerly through a tract of land owned by P. Raleigh to the north line of Stark street. The proposed extension of North Ninth street will be sixty (60) feet wide and will occupy one hundred and ninety-one thousandths (191 1000) of an acre of P. Raleigh's land.

In compliance with the provisions of section 3d of said Act, the said Common Council have appointed Josiah Failing A. H. Johnson and W. S. Ladd to view such proposed extension of North Ninth street and make an assessment of damages and benefits arising therefrom, and have designated Wednesday, May 30th, at 10 o'clock A. M as the time, and the Common Council Chamber as the place of meeting of said viewers

Published by order of the Common Council

H. R. MEEKER,
Auditor and Clerk
Of the City of Portland

Portland, May 25, 1866 d5t

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the City of Portland propose to change the grade of Morrison street at its intersection with Seventh street, as follows: The grade of Morrison street at its intersection with Seventh street shall be fifty-three (53) feet above the established base of grade

Published by order of the Common Council

H. R. MEEKER,
Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland.

Portland, May 24th 1866 d10d

Notice

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the City of Portland propose to improve that part of Salmon street, in said City, lying between the west line of First street and the east line of East Park street, by grading and McAdamizing and street in manner similar to the McAdamizing done on Front street, and by constructing sidewalks of two inch plank with curbing four inches thick of suitable width, in manner manner to the sidewalks now being built on First street, and with crossings four feet wide of three inch plank.

Published by order of the Common Council,

H. R. MEEKER,
Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland

Portland, May 24th, 1866. d10c

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the assessment made by Ordinance No 306 for the improvement of First street (as provided by Ordinance No 307), on each of the following described lots and parts of lots, lying and abutting on First street between the centre of Oak street and the centre of Taylor street, is due and payable to the City Treasurer in U. S. gold and silver coin; and if the assessment is not paid within five days from the final publication of this notice, the Council will order a warrant for the collection of the same. Said assessment is as follows, to-wit:

DATE OF ENTRY.	NO. OF BLOCK.	NO. OF LOT.	TO WHOM ASSESSED.	AM'T OF ASSESS'T
May 1—40		8	J. & H. Failing,	$418 00
"	N ½	7	"	209 00
"	S ½	7	Unknown,	183 00
"	N ½	6	J. Seller,	187 00
"	S ½	6	B. Stark,	199 00
"	N ½	5	"	202 00
"	S ½	5	Wm. Cree,	215 00
41		1	B. Stark,	419 00
"		2	"	387 00
"		3	"	393 00
"		4	"	488 00
39	N ½	8	P. Raleigh,	213 00
"	S ½	8	Smith & Davis,	201 00
"	S ½	7	W. S. Ladd,	198 00
"	S ½	7	A. D Efflet.	192 00
"	W ½	6	J. Knaus,	200 00
"	W ½	5	"	290 00
38		1	T. J. Holmes,	409 00
"		2	"	393 00
"		3	F. Dekum,	287 00
"		4	Thos. A. Davis,	287 00
1		8	Johnson & Perkins,	287 00
"	N ½	7	Cohen, Lyon & Kaufmann	144 00
"	S ½	7	J. L. Parrish,	143 00
"	N ½	6	"	304 00
"	S ½	6	Milwain & Joynt,	195 00
"		5	Hiram Smith,	416 00
26 27 28	4 in all	1	Alex. Myers,	168 00
"	22 2-12 in all	2	J. O'Connor,	129 00
"	1 in all	3	"	8 00
"	2½ ft. 4 in. of	2	S. Blumauer,	144 00
"	230 5in sq ft of	2	H. W. Corbett,	153 00
"	20 ft. of	3	"	164 00
"	30 ft. of	3	T. J. Holmes,	237 00
"		4	"	410 00
2		8	C. H. Carter,	424 00
"	N ½	7	Chas Wilcox,	202 00
"	S ½	7	H. C. Leonard,	107 00
"	N ½	6	"	107 00
"	S ½	6	A. C. R. Shaw,	202 00
"	W ½	5	"	207 00
"	S ½	5	S. D. Smith,	69 00
15		1	G. W. Vaughn,	422 00
"		2	"	390 00
"		3	R. Porter,	397 00
"		4	J. Terwilliger,	422 00
3	W 45 ft of	8	R. Pittock,	358 00
"	E 55 ft of	8	S. D. Smith,	63 00
"	N ½	7	G. W. Vaughn,	202 00
"	S ½	7	Hooker Brow,	196 00
"	N ½	6	A. Hooker,	193 00
"	S ½	6	L. Love,	199 00
"	N ½	5	J. & E. Bergman,	202 00
"	S ½	5	Est. of B. Woodard,	214 00
14		1	W. S. Ladd,	421 00
"		2	D. Monnates,	389 00
"		3	"	398 00
"		4	Est. of Masters,	424 00
4	w75ft of n½	8	L. H Wakefield,	197 00
4	e25 ft of n½	8	J. G. Glenn,	47 00
"	S ½	8	"	202 00
"	N ½	7	Thos. H. Pearne,	197 00
"	S ½	7	Peter Taylor,	195 00
"	N ½	6	C M Carter,	392 00
"	W 80 ft of	5	A. Davenport,	387 00
"	E 20 ft of	5	C. M. Carter,	29 00
13		1	S Ross,	420 00
"		2	I. A. Davenport,	395 00
"		3	"	393 00
"	N ½	4	I. O. O. F.	199 00
"	S ½	4	Wm. McMillen,	218 00

Published by order of the Common Council.

H. R. MEEKER,
Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland.

Portland, May 19th, 1866 d10t

Notice of Sale of REAL ESTATE, ETC.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE PROPerty hereinafter described will be sold at public auction at the premises on

Saturday, the 16th Day of June, 1866,

at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, for U. S. Gold Coin, Cash down on day of sale, to-wit:

Lot No. 4, in Block No. 6,

In the City of Portland, Oregon, and the

COURT HOUSE BUILDING

thereon situate, including the appurtenances and fixtures (excepting three iron cells in the Jail) and Office and Court-Room Furniture. The iron cells are to be sold separately from other property.

Possession of said property to be given August 1st, 1866, reserving, however, the right of occupancy 30 or 60 days thereafter, paying a reasonable rent therefor.

By order of the County Court of Multnomah County, Oregon

(L.S.) Witness my hand and Seal of said Court affixed this 13th day of April, 1866

ap14dtd H. C COULSON,
County Clerk.

$350 Reward!

THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR THE arrest of JAMES J. BUSH and GEORGE W. WRIGHT, who escaped from the County Jail of Multnomah County on the afternoon of Sunday, the 4th inst. $200 for the arrest of J. J. BUSH, and $150 for GEORGE WRIGHT, to be delivered to this County.

DESCRIPTION—J. BUSH is about 25 years of age, 5 feet 4inch, brown hair, long pointed face, dark hazel eyes, little stoop-shouldered, long slim fingers; weight about 175 lbs., small in gesture. GEORGE WRIGHT is about 30 years of age, 6 feet high, straight built, dark brown hair, sandy goatee, slim face, grey eyes; weight about 160 lbs.

☞ SAID REWARDS PAID IN GOLD COIN.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff of Multnomah County

Portland, Oregon, February 5, 1866.

Guardian's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a license to me issued by the County Court of Clackamas County, State of Oregon, at the May term thereof, 1866, I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder at the Court House door in Oregon City, Clackamas county, Oregon,

On Saturday, the Second day of June, 1866,

at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, the following described real estate and water privilege belonging to Caroline H. Sweitzer, a minor heir of Joseph Sweitzer deceased, to wit —The undivided one-fifth of Lots number 5, 6, and 8, in Block 2, in Oregon City, Clackamas county, Oregon Also the undivided one-fifth of 300 inches of water, as described in a certain Deed executed by Daniel Harvey and wife to John H. Moore, George Marshall, Samuel L. Stevens and Joseph Sweitzer, dated August 9th, 1864, and recorded on pages 272 and 273 of book "D" of the Records of Deeds for Clackamas county, Oregon.

Terms—Cash on day of sale, in coin.

ELIZABETH SWEITZER,
Guardian of Caroline H Sweitzer.

m9d6w

ROPE,

OF ALL SIZES. For sale by H. W. CORBETT.

Portland January 6th, 1866. 10m

Medical.

"CONSTITUTION WATER,"

THE ONLY REMEDY FOR DISEASES OF THE

BLADDER, KIDNEYS,

Gravel, Dropsical Swellings,

GENITAL DE